WEEKLY EDITION
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# FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER

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OLD SERIES—VOL. LXIV—NO 3,280 FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., THURSDAY, MARCH 16, 1899. NEW SERIES—VOL. XVI—NO. 830

**An Excellent Combination.**

The pleasant method and beneficial effects of the well known remedy, SYRUP OF FIGS, manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO., illustrate the value of obtaining the liquid laxative principles of plants known to be medicinally laxative and presenting them in the form most refreshing to the taste and acceptable to the system. It is the one perfect strengthening laxative, cleansing the system effectually, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers gently yet promptly and enabling one to overcome habitual constipation permanently. Its perfect freedom from every objectionable quality and substance, and its acting on the kidneys, liver and bowels, without weakening or irritating them, make it the ideal laxative.

In the process of manufacturing figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste, but the medicinal qualities of the remedy are obtained from senna and other aromatic plants, by a method known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only. In order to get its beneficial effects and to avoid imitations, please remember the full name of the Company printed on the front of every package.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
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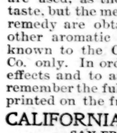
For sale by all Druggists.—Price 50c. per bottle.



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Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

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Shines
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Scratching.
Sample sent if you say so.
It's unlike all others.
Box, post-paid, 15 cts. in stamps.
It's Sold Everywhere.
The Electro Silicon Co, 40 Cliff St., New York

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, Always Reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co. Madison Place, PHILADA., PA.
Sold by all Local Druggists.

**Announcement.**

We have purchased Mr. H. A. Rankin's entire stock of

**Sash,**
**Doors,**
**Transoms,**
**Side-Lights,**
**&c.**

In this lot are some sizes we do not usually carry in stock and which we will sell at

**VERY LOW PRICES.**

We would suggest to those who contemplate building or repairing that they call on us and select what they need before making window and door frames, as they can save money by making frames to suit these sizes.

To the ladies who wish to put up

**China Closets**,

we would state that we have a few sets of Doors and Sash Doors at a low price, and if they wish a pit or hot bed we can furnish some odd size sash glazed to the extent of our stock of scrap glass at very low prices.

In addition to the above we have a car load of Sash and Doors standard sizes, we are looking for daily, and when received we will be prepared to furnish anything in this line.

We offer for the next two weeks

**ten per cent. reduction in HEATING STOVES,**

as we must make room for Spring stock of Agricultural Implements, &c., &c.
HUSKE HARDWARE HOUSE.
January 11-d3twif

THE NEW WAY.

WOMEN used to think "female diseases" could only be treated after "local examinations" by physicians. Dread of such treatment kept thousands of modest women silent about their suffering. The introduction of Wine of Cardui has now demonstrated that nine-tenths of all the cases of menstrual disorders do not require a physician's attention at all. The simple, pure

McELREE'S Wine of Cardui

taken in the privacy of a woman's own home insures quick relief and speedy cure. Women need not hesitate now. Wine of Cardui requires no humiliating examinations for its adoption. It cures any disease that comes under the head of "female troubles"—disordered menses, falling of the womb, "whites," change of life. It makes women beautiful by making them well. It keeps them young by keeping them healthy. $1.00 at the drug store.

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, the "Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

W. I. ADDISON, M.D., Cary, Miss., says: "I use Wine of Cardui extensively in my practice and find it a most excellent preparation for female troubles."

## THE GOVERNMENT OF COLONIES.

The reader will find elsewhere an interesting resume, which we have copied from the Baltimore Sun, of an article on "The Government of Colonies" contributed to the Century magazine for March by Mr. James Bryce, the famous English author. It follows the same lines precisely on which the question of colonial government has been discussed by the OBSERVER. It is agreeable, of course, to have one's views supported by such a great authority as Mr. Bryce, but, the truth is, no one acquainted with the subject can write any other way. Our imperialists are either informed and wicked, or they are innocent and densely ignorant.

We have several times referred to the splendid English civil service, an instrument of imperialism upon which the British government depends for the efficient government of India and its other tropical possessions. It is unlikely that we shall ever possess anything of the kind as long as we retain our republican form of government—because the creation of a civil service by open, competitive examinations, to which Mr. Brice refers, is a concession to the British democracy by the privileged classes who formerly fell heir to all offices; whereas the creation of a civil service by like means in our country does violence to the democratic view that to the victor belongs the spoils of office, and is repugnant to the body of our people.

Again: a high class official such as the British system produces, who is well paid, enjoys office during good behavior, and can retire when he pleases after a limited number of years on a pension, can be trusted to perform his duties humanely and conscientiously in distant lands. An American official who is the product of negro suffrage, or of the ignorant immigrant suffrage of the North, who is paid barely sufficient to live within the bounds of decency, and who knows that he must make hay while the sun of office shines or be flung back upon his former home practically penniless and friendless, is not likely in the nature of things to be a proper official when removed beyond the jealous watchfulness of his fellow sovereigns. We have an illustration of this in the difference in efficiency and honesty between our army officers in the far West and the rascally post traders and other civil agents who used to plunder the Indians there.

## THE STANDARD OF HONOR IN PUBLIC LIFE.

We gave yesterday the Baltimore Sun's resume of Mr. James Bryce's article on the "Government of Colonies," and we pointed out the unlikelihood that we could succeed in the role of imperialism so long as our officials are in greater or less degree the product of negro suffrage at the South and ignorant immigrant suffrage at the North. We contrasted this with the superb civil service which the century now drawing to a close has evolved in England; and the question naturally arises, how is it that the progress of this country towards Democracy (in the extension of the suffrage and so forth) has produced a corrupt public life, whereas the even more rapid progress of our mother country towards Democracy has tended to greatly purify public life?

Here is an interesting extract bearing on the general subject taken from an article in the current Harper's Weekly by Arnold White:

"Financial chastity in their rulers is a matter on which the English people feel acutely. The demand for character in public life has increased since Cornwallis surrendered at Yorktown, and in the last five and-twenty years there has been a marked growth in this healthy instinct on the part of the newly enfranchised people. Her Majesty's ministers are some of them rich and some of them poor. When they take office under the crown it is often a matter of considerable sacrifice—for some of them, at all events—to lay down the well-paid directorships of public companies held by them. In some cases the acceptance of office is a relief from pecuniary anxiety.

"For many generations there has been no financial scandal in connection with the highest office under the crown, though in four instances ministers have had to resign their offices in consequence of financial corruption associated with their names. The younger Pitt first obtained the affection and confidence of the nation by refusing to appoint himself to an office of profit, vacant at a time when he sorely needed the money, and when his private income did not exceed $1500 year. Lord Beaconsfield, who was denounced from the beginning to the end of his life by his political opponents as an adventurer, and is still habitually spoken of as a Semitic soldier of fortune, was personally a poor man. In November, 1875, when Prime Minister, he secretly purchased from the Khedive of Egypt, through the house of Rothschild, 176,602 shares in the Suez Canal Company for the sum of $19,882,910. This transaction immediately raised the value of Suez Canal shares and of all Egyptian securities to a very large extent, and would have enabled Mr. Disraeli to have enriched himself, if not beyond the dreams of avarice, at all events with a very comfortable fortune, without chance of discovery. It speaks well for the standard of honor and good faith prevalent in English public life that Dizzy's bitterest political opponents never hinted, even in private conversation, that he had used the opportunity for the purpose of enriching himself or his friends. Not a vestige of suspicion rests upon his name."

Upon the mending of our ways dependent upon a satisfactory solution of the question asked by us above, depends the maintenance of our form of government.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve
Cures Piles, Scalds, Burns.

## The Government of Colonies

Baltimore Sun)

In the Century for March there is an instructive article by James Bryce, author of the "American Commonwealth," on "British Experience in the Government of Colonies," written at the request of the editor of the Century with a view to helping the American public to understand what the government of colonies on modern principles means. Mr. Bryce's interest in American problems is well known. There are few Americans who have given closer study to the origin and development of American institutions, and his opinion of the practicability of adapting them to the government of tropical colonies is of special value. His view on this point is clearly expressed in the first paragraph of his article. "Let it not be supposed," he says, "that what follows is intended to convey an opinion favorable to the acquisition by the United States of the territories recently conquered from Spain. Were I a citizen of the United States I should be among those who are opposing their annexation." This deliberate judgment of a trained English statesman and friend of democratic institutions is more to be considered, of course, than the sentimental applause of the masses of the English, who regard the question from the point of view of their own interests rather than ours.

Mr. Bryce begins by distinguishing three different kinds of colonies—those in temperate climates, those in subtropical climates and those in the tropics. In a temperate climate the American and European can settle, cultivate the soil with his own hands, bring up children and lay the foundation of a self-governing state. In a sub tropical country, on the other hand, the colonizing race, though it can live and maintain itself in health from generation to generation, cannot do hard and continuous work. Its role will be to supervise the labor of others accustomed to the hot sun and malaria. In a tropical colony persons of European race are not only forbidden by the heat to labor with the hands under the open sky, but are appreciably blighted in mind and body. Robustness of health is soon lost, and if the race is propagated, it becomes enfeebled and weakly. The masses of the population of tropical and sub tropical countries are necessarily of non European races. The industrial stratum consists of natives able to stand the heat and malaria—persons of a low type of civilization. The inhabitants are divided into two classes, one a highly civilized and small ruling class, and the other a larger body of working people. As a rule, the subject races differ from the dominant races in color, religion and type of civilization. In the typical tropical countries the European immigrants are comparatively few, while the native or colored population is enormous. The immigrant whites do not expect to become domesticated, but look upon their motherland as their true home and upon the natives as strangers. It may be added that the temperate lands, suitable for Europeans, have already been colonized. Russia holds Siberia and Manchuria; English, French, Irish and Germans occupy North America. Spanish, Portuguese, Italians and Germans have obtained the cooler parts of South America, and the English have taken Australia. The countries in which experiments in colonization are now being tried are all tropical or sub tropical.

Each climate requires a form of government fitted to the conditions of the colony established in it. Colonies in temperate regions, being composed of immigrants from civilized countries, will continue in the main the more or less constitutional forms of government to which they or their ancestors were accustomed at home. They are, as a rule, as well fitted for self government as are their mother countries. England recognizes this fact and gives all such colonies virtual independence and self government as soon as they wished it. But in tropical and sub tropical countries the conditions are different, and the government must be formed in recognition of the fact that the colonies consist of different races in different stages of civilization and incapable of self government on lines tolerable to the white minority. Many difficult questions arise as to social customs, marriage, religious rites, land, military service, revenue, etc. The same law cannot suit two races in different stages of progress. In some sub tropical colonies where the European element is fairly numerous self government is conceded to that element and virtually denied to the natives. In Cape Colony very few natives have the suffrage; in the Transvaal none have it. In the true tropical colonies, such as Ceylon, the resident Europeans are too few to conduct a government, and the natives are absolutely incompetent. The difficulty is met by appointing a governor with wide powers, helped by a council which may be appointed wholly from London or be partly appointed and partly elective. "The English," says Mr. Bryce, "have abandoned the notion of applying self government to their tropical dominions They have been driven to invent other systems in great variety." One plan is to permit an incorporated company to rule the country under certain restrictions. Rhodesia, Nigeria and North Borneo are now thus administered. Another way is to proclaim a protectorate, leaving the native chiefs in control as vassals of the British crown. But much the larger number of colonies are governed from London through a governor, assisted by a local council. The council may be elective, or partly elective and partly appointed in London, or wholly appointed. In some few colonies in which there is no local council at all the governor has wide discretion. The system is made practicable by the existence of a civil service, the members of which are chosen by open competitive examinations. They make the work of administration their specialty and look to it for a career. From lower functions they pass to higher and are transferred from post to post—promoted according to their record—so that they become skilful administrators and statesmen. They are well paid and they are required to eschew politics. A "pull" is no part of their equipment. India and all the colonies that do not govern themselves are governed through these civil servants. Without them—without the system by which they are trained and regulated—the colonial empire would speedily fall to pieces.

For a quick remedy and one that is perfectly safe for children let us recommend One Minute Cough Cure. It is excellent for croup, hoarseness, tickling in the throat and coughs. King Bros.

## CURRENT COMMENT.

Under the heading "Populists in Line" the Raleigh correspondent of the Norfolk Virginian writes this: "The Republicans and Populists, who directly after the last election talked so earnestly in favor of an abridgment of negro suffrage, are now being ridiculed by the Republicans who said nothing and who hold Senator Pritchard's view. But it is known that the mass of the Populists will support the constitutional amendment. Many Republicans say now they will vote for it. They may change their minds, but say they will not." The Republicans, as a body, will follow Pritchard, in our opinion.

### A Record of Shame.

Manchester (New Hampshire) Union

Today marks the close of the first half of the administration of William McKinley as President of the United States. A review of the events of the two years since the gentleman from Ohio took his solemn oath to protect the interests of the people as their executive servant, offers little for the American citizen to be proud of, as far as the presidential office is concerned. The record is one of failure and of shame. Almost everything has been done except those things which the public demanded and expected when it called the administration into being. Reforms that were solemnly promised have been forgotten, the burdens of the people have been increased at the command of monopoly, and the fair name of the Republic stained by administrative scandals unparalleled in all our history. • •

The enactment of the Dingley law, under the pretence that a larger revenue must be provided, redeemed the pledges of Mark Hanna to the corporate interests of the country, but, while the trusts have thrived as never before on the tribute forced from the pockets of the poor, it's returns to the treasury have been utterly inadequate to meet the expenses of the Government. Even with the addition of the special war taxes, which are to be continued indefinitely in times of peace, it is doubtful if the Government revenues will be sufficient to avert the necessity of another bond issue in the near future. Regarding the unprecedented prosperity that was to come as a result of the Republican tariff legislation, nothing need be said. • •

The record of the administration's disgrace and the country's shame begins with the Spanish war. Creditable as was the President's stand in opposition to the precipitation of hostilities, when once he was swept off his feet and fighting was begun, he yielded the management of affairs to the coterie of unscrupulous and unworthy men who had surrounded him from the beginning. Glorious as were the achievements of American arms on land and sea, and decisive as was the victory over long-suffering Spain, the record of the administration in the management of the war was one of favoritism, incompetency and short sightedness. Men who should have had important commands were kept in the background because of executive jealousy, and it has been the manifest purpose of the administration, since the close of hostilities, to deprive of their laurels those who conspicuously won them in army and navy. To the scandals of the War department it is not necessary to refer. The disgrace of Algerism—the Eagan incidents and the whitewashing boards and the beef poisonings,—was the inevitable consequence of the intrustment of authority to men whose only claim to preferment lay in general contribution to the corruption fund of the republican party.

And greater than all else in national shame and disgrace is the yielding of the administration to the policy of imperialism, which sets at nought every ancient principle, every lofty ideal of the Republic. Its consequences are seen today, at the close of the first half of the McKinley term of office, in the bitter oppression of an ignorant people at the ends of the earth who have fought long and patiently to be free—a people whom we ourselves praised as deserving patriots as long as they resisted the tyranny of Spain. It is this warfare, which nine tenths of the American people condemn, and which must be prosecuted God knows how long and probably at a tremendous cost of life and treasure before its unjust purpose is accomplished, that constitutes the crowning disgrace of this administration.

So much for the positive acts of government during the first two years of President McKinley. The sins of omission, while they have not commanded, during the war period, the attention that otherwise would have been given, have been serious ones, and the people will not excuse them. Principal among the acts of neglect has been the failure to take the first step toward currency reform, the promise of which gave to the Republican party the Democratic and independent support necessary to the election of McKinley and Hobart in the campaign of 1896. The failure to pass the currency legislation demanded by the people means the breaking of its most important pledge by the party now in power.

Such has been the record of two years of Republican rule. It is a record of shame and disgrace which can hardly be offset by any possible good which may come out of the two remaining years of the administration of Hanna, Alger and McKinley.

If you have a cough, throat irritation, weak lungs, pain in the chest, difficult breathing, croup or hoarseness, let us suggest One Minute Cough Cure. Always reliable and safe. King Bros.

**Brave Men Fall**

Victims to stomach, liver and kidney troubles as well as women, and all feel the results in loss of appetite, poison in the blood, backache, nervousness, headache and tired, listless, run-down feeling. But there's no need to feel like that. Listen to J. W. Gardner, Edaville, Ind. He says: "Electric Bitters are just the thing for a man when he is all run down, and don't care whether he lives or dies. It did more to give me new strength and good appetite than anything I could take. I can now eat anything and have a new lease on life." Only 50 cents, at B. E. Sedberry & Son's drug store. Every bottle guaranteed.

**Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.**

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

### Admiral Colomb on the War.

A London telegram says:

Vice-Admiral Philip Howard Colomb, retired, discussed the lessons of the Spanish American war in an address before the members of the United Service Institutions this afternoon.

After dealing with the impossibility of secrecy in warfare hereafter, owing to the vigilance of the press and the necessity for protecting cables in shallow water, he said he thought that if Spain had showed real comprehension of strategy the United States would not have been so successful.

The sure way for the United States, the Admiral stated, would have been for her to send a sufficient force to the coast of Spain to balance the forces known to have been in Spanish ports, and to send a squadron to the Cape Verde Islands the moment it was known a Spanish flotilla was assembling there. If the Island of Minorca had been seized as a base nothing offensive on the other side of the Atlantic would have been attempted by Spain.

The lesson to be deduced was, according to the Admiral, that the American strategy was hazardous, in so far as it departed from the stereotyped rules of naval war. Admiral Cevera's ships were lost sight of, causing anxiety on the American coasts and obliging the Americans to keep considerable squadrons wholly in a defensive attitude, instead of maintaining command of the sea. It was clear that if there had been coal supplies at Santiago de Cuba, and if Admiral Cervera's squadron had been reasonably efficient, instead of "a miserable abortion," all it could could have desired to effect by entering Santiago might have been effected without any interference upon the part of the United States Navy.

From the actions between the Spanish forces and the American ships the Admiral deduced the idea that inefficient batteries were able to keep ships at a distance.

Regarding the purely tactical questions involved, the Admiral said it was plain that Dewey took full advantage of the superiority of his guns and gunners and put himself in so distant a position that neither the Spanish ships nor the Spanish batteries were able to reply adequately to his fire. The whole thing, he said, "was terribly business-like on the American side, with a pathetic parade of Quixotic gallantry on the other."

In conclusion, Admiral Colomb commented upon the fact that all orders to the American ships were sent from Washington, which he considered a momentous change in naval warfare.

### Wanamaker's Profit.

Chicago Record.

A business man of Philadelphia told me the other day that Mr. Wanamaker's profits from his Philadelphia store last year were over $1,750,000 and that those from his New York establishment will run close to that figure. The Saturday before Christmas the receipts in New York were even greater than those in Philadelphia and exceeded $500,000. The New York store has paid a profit from the very day it was opened, although two firms who occupied the establishment since A. T. Stewart's death have failed.

The reason of Mr. Wanamaker's great success, both in New York and Philadelphia, is his skill and extensive advertising. It has been his rule to confine his advertising to newspapers and magazines, on which he has spent annually more than $300,000 in Philadelphia. The advertising bills of his New York establishment exceeded even that sum last year.

Not one child dies where ten formerly died from croup. People have learned the value of One Minute Cough Cure and use it for severe lung and throat troubles. It immediately stops coughing. It never fails. King Bros.

**Millions Given Away.**

It is certainly gratifying to the public to know of one concern in the land who are not afraid to be generous to the needy and suffering. The proprietors of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, have given away over ten million trial bottles of this great medicine; and have the satisfaction of knowing it has absolutely cured thousands of hopeless cases. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness and all diseases of the Throat, Chest and Lungs are surely cured by it. Call on B. E. Sedberry & Son, Druggist, and get a free trial bottle. Regular size 50c and $1.00. Every bottle guaranteed, or price refunded.

Rev. E. Edwards, pastor of the English Baptist Church, at Minersville, Pa., when suffering with heumatism, was advised to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm. He says: "A few applications of this liniment proved of great service to me. It subdued the inflammation and relieved the pain. Should any sufferer profit by giving Pain Balm a trial it will please me." For sale by B. E Sedberry & Sons.

### More Changes Contemplated.

We learn that at an early date there will be a change in all the freight trains on the Atlantic and Yadkin, similar to that of the passenger trains. Also that the Bennettsville freight will run through to Sumter.

BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR

gives nature the mild assistance needed for the regulation of the menses. It is of wonderful aid to the girl just entering womanhood, to the wife, and to the woman approaching or going through the turn of life. Women who suffer from any unnatural drain, any bearing down pains in the lower abdomen, falling or displacement of the womb, can quickly cure their troubles at home, completely away from the eyes of a physician. A few doses taken each month will regulate the menses perfectly.

Large bottles sold by druggists for $1. The Bradfield Regulator Company, Atlanta, Ga.

PIMPLES

"My wife had pimples on her face, but she has been taking CASCARETS and they have all disappeared. I had been troubled with constipation for some time, but after taking the first Cascaret I have had no trouble with this ailment. We cannot speak too highly of Cascarets." FRED WARTMAN, 3705 Germantown Ave., Philadelphia, Pa.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
REGULATE THE LIVER
Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c. 25c. 50c.
... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...
Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 305
GO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists 25c or $1.00 Tobacco Habit.

### Sworn to Interest.

J. Turner Moorehead, Thermo-Chemical Smelter, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $575,384, and nominal assets, $42,045. Of the liabilities, $421,457 is surety for money borrowed by the North State Improvement Company of North Carolina. For twenty-five years Mr. Moorehead was one of the leading men of Leaksville, N. C. He, with others, built the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railroad and in that connection endorsed paper of the North State Improvement Company, which, with the railroad company, went into the hands of a receiver in March, 1894. Mr. Moorehead made an assignment on January 25th, 1894. He afterward went to New York and has been interested in the development of Aluminum.

Senator Jones, of Arkansas, Chairman of the National Democratic Committee, is in a precarious condition owing to his liability to another dangerous attack of heart trouble at any time.

The legislature of Utah adjourns sine die without electing a senator. No breaks are reported in the senatorial deadlocks. In several States the dates for legislators to adjourn are drawing near and strong efforts will be made to end the contests.

The peace conference, called by the Czar to discuss the possibility of taking steps toward a general disarmament, will meet at the Hague on May 18th.

A recruiting station, for enlisting men in the regular army will be opened in Raleigh next week with Maj. Davis in charge. Sound men between the ages of 18 and 35 will be taken.

The Raleigh correspondent of Thursday morning's Wilmington Messenger says:

Not until this morning was the Secretary of State able to give the exact number of acts and resolutions ratified by the legislature during its sixty-four days' session. He finds that there were 1,107 acts and 79 resolutions, total 1,186. This is less than expected. The reason is that fewer bills than expected were ratified on the last day. Almost 50 per cent. of the bills introduced became laws.

### The First Ordered Mustered Out.

The volunteer troops now on garrison duty in Cuba and under muster-out orders include the following regiments:

Second Illinois, One Hundred and Sixtieth Indiana, Fourth Illinois, Hundred and Sixty-first Indiana, Ninth Illinois, Forty-ninth Iowa, Third Kentucky, Thirty-first Michigan, Second Louisiana, Sixth Missouri, Eighth Massachusetts, Twelfth New York, First North Carolina, Third Nebraska, Second South Carolina, Fourth Tennessee, Fourth Virginia, First Texas, Sixth Ohio, Second and Third United States volunteer engineers, Second and Fifth United States volunteer infantry and the Second and Third, Eleventh, Twelfth, Thirteenth, Fifteenth Sixteenth and Seventeenth companies of the Signal Corps.

### Ex-Congressman Grady Building a School

Hon. B. F. Grady, ex Congressman of the Third District, and his son, Mr. Henry A. Grady, are arranging to establish a high school at Turkey, says the Sampson Democrat. Lumber is being placed and a school building of large dimensions will be hastened to completion. The first term of the school will open in the fall probably about August 1st. Success to those able gentlemen!

### Meeting of Dispensary Board.

The new Cumberland County Dispensary Board met Thursday night with Chairman Dr. J. W. McNeill, Major J. B. Broadfoot and Mr. Ralph P. Jessup present.

The future method of running the Dispensary was discussed at length, and it was decided to leave the management as it is at present, Mr. Ingold receiving $1,500 and hiring his own help.

The board adjourned to meet again tonight.

**Working Night and Day.**

The busiest and mightiest little thing that ever was made is Dr. King's New Life Pills. Every pill is a sugar-coated globule of health, that changes weakness into strength, listlessness into energy, brain-fag into mental power. They're wonderful in building up the health. Only 25c per box. Sold by B. E. Sedberry & Son.

J. Sheer, Sedalia, Mo., conductor on electric street car line, writes that his little daughter was very low with croup, and her life saved after all physicians had failed, only by using One Minute Cough Cure. King Bros.

### The Black Man's Burden

Chicago Chronicle

[A Parody on Kipling's Poem.]

Take up the sword and rifle,
Send forth your ships with speed,
To join the nations' scramble,
And vie with them in greed;
Go find your goods a market,
Beyond the western flood;
The heathen who withstand you
Shall answer it in blood

Take up the sword and rifle,
For so does all the world;
There's none shall dare upbraid you,
When once your flag's unfurled
The race is to the swiftest,
The battle to the strong,
Success is the criterion,
None cares to count the wrong.

Take up the sword and rifle,
And know no fear or pause;
What though your hands be bloody
Who calls ye to the laws?
The ports ye wish to enter,
The roads ye wish to tread,
Make them with heathen living,
Mark them with heathen dead

Take up the sword and rifle,
Rob every savage race,
Annex their lands and harbors,
For this is Christian grace.
Even though ye slaughter thousands,
Ye still shall count it gain
If ye extend your commerce,
Who dreads the curse of Cain?

Take up the sword and rifle,
Still keep your conscience whole—
So soon is found an unction
To soothe a guilty soul.
Go with it to your Maker,
Find what excuse ye can—
Rob for the sake of justice,
Kill for the love of man

### Queer Death of a Conductor.

While a freight on the Southern was standing still at Contentnea near Wilson Wednesday night, the conductor, Mr. Dickerson, was missed, and a search being made for him, he was found dead on top of the sixth car from the engine. He had evidently been making his way over the cars to the engine when when stricken with heart disease.

### Wants to be Back in North Carolina.

Mr. F. R Rose received a letter from Mr. M. H. Finney this morning stating that he was back in Iowa and that the cold weather made him long to be back in sunny Fayetteville. He says that if he decides to come here to live, he can induce a number of manufacturers to move their plants here.

### Mr. Morgan's Coming.

A Durham correspondent writing to the State papers from Durham in regard to Mr. W. M. Morgan's coming to Fayetteville, says:

Mr. W. M. Morgan, one of Durham's leading financiers, is to move to Fayetteville to make it his home. It is understood that he has associated himself with Mr. Walter Holt, the cotton manufacturer, and together they will operate a mill in Fayetteville. Mr. Morgan has been cashier of the Morehead Banking Company here for a number of years. He is well known in banking circles throughout the state, and Durham people generally regret that he is to leave here.

### The Cape Fear and Northern is Coming.

There are several railroads headed for Fayetteville, two of which are speedily coming. With regard to one the Raleigh News and Observer of Thursday morning has this to say:

General Manager John C. Angier, of Cary, stated yesterday that the Cape Fear and Northern railroad will be built to Fayetteville. He further stated that they would begin to operate their trains on the road next week.

There are several enterprises of magnitude contemplated for Fayetteville in the near future and railroads might well wish to enter Fayetteville.

Fayetteville is surely the coming town of North Carolina.

### The Board of Agriculture.

The Board of Agriculture met Thursday but adjourned to meet again this morning without making any appointments. Fayetteville people expect lots of this board. We want it to give Mr. W. W. Huske the place he seeks, State fertilizer inspector, and Mr. F. R. Rose the Commissionship of Immigration. It is said that Senator Williams is also a candidate for fertilizer inspector.

The following members of the new board are in Raleigh attending the meeting:

J. S. Cunningham, of Cunningham; D. L. Hart, of Hartsease; W. D. Smith, of Godwin; R. H. Jones, of Raleigh; A. T. McCallum, of Red Springs; W. A. Graham, of Macpelah; J. W. Bailey, of Raleigh; L. G. Waugh, of Dobson; W. A. Dills, of Dillsboro; J. B. Cofield, of Everett; W. A. Capehart, of Avoca; J. A. Stevens, of Goldsboro, J. C. Bunch, of Oak Ridge; G. T. Weston, of Biltmore; J. R. Grimes, of Grimesland.

Col. Cunningham was elected president of the board.

Mr. Dill offered a resolution that the pay of the members be fixed at $4 per day while in actual attendance and mileage of 5 cents each way be allowed. This motion was adopted.

### Special Meeting of County Commissioners.

A special meeting of the Board of County Commissioners is called for Monday, the 20th, to take action in regard to the Crimsal Court to be held in May.

As the season of the year when pneumonia, lagrippe, sore throat, coughs, colds, catarrh, bronchitis and lung troubles are to be guarded against, nothing "is a fine substitute," will "answer the purpose," or is "just as good" as One Minute Cough Cure. That is the one infallible remedy for all lung, throat or bronchial troubles. I insist vigorously upon having it if "something else" is offered you. King Bros.

**Red Hot From the Gun**

Was the ball that hit G. B. Steadman of Newark, Mich., in the Civil War. It caused horrible ulcers that no treatment helped for 20 years. Then Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him. Cures cuts, bruises, burns, boils, felons, corns, skin eruptions. Best pile cure on earth. 25 cts. a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by B. E. Sedberry & Son, druggists.

Danger Signals!

Do you take cold with every change in the weather? Does your throat feel raw? And do sharp pains dart through your chest?

Don't you know these are danger signals which point to pneumonia, bronchitis, or consumption itself?

If you are ailing and have lost flesh lately, they are certainly danger signals. The question for you to decide is, "Have I the vitality to throw off these diseases?"

Don't wait to try SCOTT'S EMULSION "as a last resort." There is no remedy equal to it for fortifying the system. Prevention is easy.

Scott's Emulsion

prevents consumption and hosts of other diseases which attack the weak and those with poor blood.

SCOTT'S EMULSION is the one standard remedy for inflamed throats and lungs, for colds, bronchitis and consumption. It is a food medicine of remarkable power. A food, because it nourishes the body; and a medicine, because it corrects diseased conditions.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York

### Bishop's Visitation.

Bishop Watson will pay an official visitation to St. Thomas's, Hybart's Hill, on Good Friday.

### Death of Miss Flora McPherson.

Miss Flora McPherson, aged 72 years, died Tuesday night at the residence of her cousin, Mr. J. A. McPherson, in 71st. The funeral took place from McPherson Church Thursday morning at 11 o'clock.

### News of Interest.

The President has definitely decided to take a short trip south for rest, his destination being Thomasville, Ga., where he will be the guest of Senator Hanna. The President will be accompanied by Mrs. McKinley and some of their relatives who are at preset staying at the White House.

Edwards & Broughton and E. M. Uzzell are public printers; that is, the legislature Tuesday adopted a resolution giving them the contract. Barnes Bros. refused to sign the contract drawn up by the committee to make a new bid under its terms, claiming that it was unjust and not what they had bid on. They also say it was drawn by an attorney of a rival printing firm. They further claim that the printing committee had exceeded its authority.

The Winston-Sentinel of March 6th says: "Mr. Clement Manly left on the 10:30 train for Baltimore. He will meet Mr. Eugene Martin, of Wilmington, there, and the two commissioners will close up the business connected with the sale of the C. F. & Y. V. road."

For frost bites, burns, indolent sores, eczema, skin disease, and especially Piles, DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve stands first and best. Look out for dishonest people who try to imitate and counterfeit. It's their endorsement of a good article. Worthless goods are not imitated. Get DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve.
King Bros.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

ISAAC A. MURCHISON. WILLIAM H. POPE
MURCHISON & POPE,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

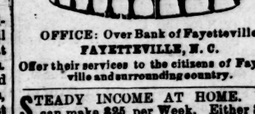
EDWIN R. MacKETHAN,
Attorney and Counsellor,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

J. H. MARSH, M D. J. F. HIGHSMITH, M D
Drs. MARSH & HIGHSMITH,
Offices, Market Square and Green Street, FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

JNO. D. MacRAE, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office at Sedberry's Drug Store,
Fayetteville, N. C.

S. L. HUNTER, D.D.S. THOS. M. HUNTER D.D.S

DRS. HUNTER,
DENTISTS,
Northeast Corner Market Square,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C
April 29, 1880.

DR. G. B. PATTERSON. DR. J. S. BETTS
DRS. PATTESSON & BETTS,
DENTISTS.

OFFICE: Over Bank of Fayetteville,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Offer their services to the citizens of Fayetteville and surrounding country.

STEADY INCOME AT HOME. You can make $25 per Week. Either Sex. I'll Start you in the Mail Order Business day or evening. No Peddling. M. Young, 366 Henry St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

# THE OBSERVER.

THURSDAY.....MARCH 16, 1899

E. J. HALE, Editor and Proprietor.

E. J. HALE, Jr., General Business Mang'r

Established in 1835 by E. J. Hale, Sr.

FAYETTEVILLE N. C.


FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES IN 1900.

## WILLIAM J. BRYAN.

**"Where the gold Democrats are numerically weak they will profess to accept the platform, but will oppose every plan that is calculated to bring success to the platform."**
**—William J. Bryan to National Committeeman C. S. Thomas, of Colorado.**

From Saturday's Daily.

### *AN ANNIVERSARY.*

To-day is the thirty-fourth anniversary of Sherman's entry into Fayetteville, of the foolish destruction of the arsenal and of the wanton destruction of the OBSERVER office and the cotton factories. Most of us were then at the front in Virginia, but those who lived to return found in the prostrate town but little semblance to the prosperous home they had gone out from a few years before. The intervening years have witnessed little more than a life and death struggle to recover lost ground. We believe brighter times are ahead. Let us set our faces to the rising sun of the new century almost at hand, confident that its genial rays will bless us as in the golden days.

### *A REPUBLICAN VIEW.*

The New York Sun is a radical Republican paper and a South hater. Its last issue contains an editorial on the next Congress which was intended for a very different purpose but which should supply food for thought to those who have been disposed to look with tolerance upon the anti-silver bolters from the Democratic party.

Says the Sun:

"The Senate of the last Congress contained 46 Republicans to 34 Democrats strictly and 10 Populists or Silverites united in the Democratic combination. It is computed that the new Senate will contain 55 Republicans, and that the Democratic minority in it will include 26 Democrats, or less than half as many as the Republicans, and 9 Populists and Silverites, or 35 in all. Of the 30 new Senators, 8 only are Democrats.

"The most remarkable feature of this Democratic representation in the next Senate, however, is not shown in the mere reduction of numerical strength, but in the quarter from which it comes. All the Democratic Senators will be from Southern States, with the exception of four from silverite Rocky Mountain States. More significant still, all of the twenty-six Democratic Senators, except three or four, will be from the States which were included in the secession Confederacy. From the old border States there will be a solid Democratic delegation from Missouri only. One of the two Senators from Delaware and Kentucky respectively will be a Republican. Both Senators from Maryland are Republicans. One of the Senators from North Carolina is nominally a Populist, but practically he is a Democrat.

"The old Southern Confederacy, therefore, will furnish substantially the whole of the Democratic representation in the next Senate. None will come from a single State north of the Mason and Dixon line of the past, except two from Mormon Utah, and one or at most two from other little silver States beyond the Mississippi.

"That is, the old secession South is solidly Democratic. The whole of the rich, populous and enlightened States of the North are solidly Republican. Never before has this Northern Republican solidity occurred, not even in the time of the civil war. Never before in twenty-five years have the Democrats been so largely in the minority in the Senate.

"To the House of Representatives of the Fifty-sixth Congress, too, this dominance of the old secession States in the Democratic minority will be extended. Of the total Democratic representation of 163, as many as 85 will be from that quarter, and the whole number from the Southern States will be 108, leaving the total from the entire North only 55. Democracy in the next Congress, therefore, will be Southern Democracy specifically.

"Of the Northern Democratic representation of 55, no less than 16 will be from the city of New York and its neighborhood, and one will be from the second city of the State, Buffalo; three of them come from Chicago, two from Boston, making 22 out of the 55 from these cities alone. It is a humiliating representation, more especially that from New York, a community which more than any other in the whole Union was vitally interested in sustaining the party of sound money and national development at the election. The wealth, the industry, and both the financial conservatism and the progressive national spirit of all the most vigorous communities of the Northern States voted for prosperity. New York joined in the vote for adversity and dishonor. If this city had had its way last November, instead of the abounding prosperity, advancing markets and universal confidence in the advent of a period of unexampled good fortune for the country, we should now be experiencing a winter made distressful by uncertainty and anxiety. The city of New York voted for disaster, but its interests, thus assailed by itself, were saved by the patriotism and common sense of the rest of the State and by other States, for a majority of Congress, slender but sufficient in the lower house, was secured against the combination of political fanaticism which would wreck the prosperity of the Union.

"As we have shown, the control of the Democracy in the Fifty-sixty Congress will be in the hands of the Democrats of the States of the old secession Confederacy. Thence will come the dictation of its policy, and that policy, according to every present indication, will be to repeat the Chicago platform substantially in 1900 and again nominate BRYAN for the Presidency. That is the political situation as it is at the beginning of 1899."

All the Southern States, as we know, have pronounced strongly in favor of silver and the Chicago platform, while the Democracy of New York, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland and other Northern States have evaded the Democratic platform and in one form or another have bowed their necks to the yoke of the gold trust. Consequently the Sun is able to say: "All the Democratic Senators will be from Southern States *with the exception of four from silverite Rocky Mountain States.*"

The moral is plain: Democracy can only win on a Democratic platform. When it repudiates or evades its own platform, the masses who are naturally democratic see no difference between it and its enemy, except to the advantage of the latter, and they suffer it to be beat.

### *TRUSTS vs. STRIKES.*

Read the important article on this subject which we give elsewhere. The keynote of the policy of the Republicans is concentration of the plutocratic forces and dispersion of the anti plutocratic (or democratic) forces. That is why they fight Bryan and Chairman Jones so savagely. Mr. Bryan is acceptable to all the democratic forces, and Chairman Jones possesses the patriotism and courage necessary to unite them. Their enemies had no censure for the McKinley and Palmer and Buckner bolters, but maledictions for the leaders who accepted a Populist alliance to supply their places.

Perhaps recent events not a thousand miles from Fayetteville will widen the circle of those who should combine against monopoly.

### *CHIVALRY NOT DEAD.*

Amid the vulgar scramble for office and riches which is the characteristic of American life at present, it is refreshing to read of the noble and even chivalric conduct of two of our naval officers.

It will be recalled that the attempt of the Administration to promote Admiral Sampson over Admiral Schley, notwithstanding the fact that Schley was the senior of Sampson in the naval register, caused the Senate to reject the Administration's list of recommendations for the promotion of officers and to fall back upon the more or less routine "personnel" bill which did pass. By the latter both Sampson and Schley came into the grade of Rear Admiral, but preserving the same relation to each other as that which existed before the war began, viz: with Schley two numbers ahead of Sampson. But there were a number of deserved promotions in the Administration's list, made for gallantry in the war with Spain, which were thrown out by the Senate's action. It was understood that the Senate took the course it did rather than, on the one hand, to allow Sampson to jump Schley, or, on the other, to administer an open rebuke to the President by confirming all the promotions except Sampson's.

It appears that one of the President's list of nominations, that of Captain Higginson to be Rear Admiral, was confirmed by accident or inadvertence. Thereupon this chivalric gentleman wrote to the Secretary of the Navy the following letter:

"I respectfully request to be allowed to resume my former number on the naval list after Rear Admiral Kempff. While deeply grateful to the President and yourself for my nomination for work done off Santiago, I do not regard my own services as so conspicuous as to warrant my advancement while the other commanding officers nominated at the same time as myself go unrewarded. They were a gallant band of naval officers and certainly deserved well of their country, and if their services are to go unrecognized I desire to share the same fate."

Another officer, Lieut. Aaron Ward, who was recommended by the board of promotions for advancement for gallantry in action, wrote to the Navy Department declining advancement on the ground that it would give him precedence over his classmate, Lieut. Staunton, stating that he did not feel that the action in which his vessel was engaged was of such a character as to justify his acceptance under the circumstances.

Well, well! We may be saved yet.

### *IMPERIALISM, INDEED.*

"Imperialism" has been discussed chiefly from the standpoint of its effect upon the peoples whom we may absorb as a consequence of the war with Spain. Thoughtful speakers and writers, of course, have pointed out that the most important aspect of the case is its effect upon ourselves; but we must concede, upon consideration, that that view has not yet struck into the popular mind and conscience. If it had, we should be having more widespread denunciations of the Republican President—that President, by the way, for whom Hanna's money bought the defeat of the people's candidate in '96.

Mr. Gamaliel Bradford, of Boston, calls attention to the dangers of the present situation. "If," says he, "we are to arrive at any practical result, the vague talk about 'imperialism' will have to be brought down to the real issue."

That is true: we hear too much of the goodness and kindness of heart of the President, and sometimes, we grieve to say, of the sacredness of his person. Where the form of government is such as ours, with the people as the sovereign, the President is the servant, not the master, of the people. That great fact must never be lost sight of. If he employs corrupt agents such as Alger, or corrupt principals such as Hanna employ him, so much the worse for him as well as us. Soft words are out of place in dealing with such a situation. It was never truer that "eternal vigilance is the price of liberty" than now. It is not true that the President is an innocent man of moderate ability who has simply drifted with the tide of war. His policy is bad, nay, even treasonable, and it is a matter of minor importance whether Hanna or McKinley is the real President: the sovereign people can deal only with the incumbent of the office.

Deep design has marked the imperialist policy from the beginning. No sooner had the war broken out last year than resolutions began to be introduced in the Confederate Veteran meetings and even in Democratic party meetings pledging them to approval of the President's course. Innocent parties were the introducers, no doubt, but, except for the vigilance of the more thoughtful, the resolutions would doubtless have gone through as a matter of course.

The same vigilance is incumbent upon Democrats now, if we would save the Republic. Mr. Bradford goes on to say:

"Ever since January, 1893, the country has been kept quiet by impassioned appeals to trust the President. It has been assumed that he was anxious for peace, and did everything in his power to maintain it; that he would not permit anything to be done contrary to the honor or welfare of the country, if it was in human power to prevent it; and, therefore, that it was the part of wisdom and duty not to criticise or embarrass him. There seems to be a prevalence of the English idea that the sovereign can do no wrong, and that the President of the United States is too exalted a personage for ordinary persons even to differ from. The logic seems to be that because during the war for the Union we all bowed down to Mr. Lincoln, therefore, because there is another war, we must all bow down to Mr. McKinley. If we have reached that stage it is difficult to see what advantage, as regards freedom of speech, the United States possess over Russia and Germany.

"In little more than eighteen months is coming, perhaps, the most tremendous political conflict which this country has seen. There is a large and powerful faction perfectly ready, if they could see a reasonable chance of success, to determine the result by military force. The element of safety lies in free discussion.

* * * * * * *

"For what has happened in the Philippines during the last month the President is directly and personally responsible. Congress having dispersed, he can, if he chooses, remain free from all check or control for nine months, with 100,000 men at his command, as absolute as the Czar of Russia or the Emperor of Germany. With the dispatches from Manila under military censorship, he can keep from the nation anything which he does not wish it to know.

"What, under these circumstances, is the duty of the patriotic citizen? It is, with Bishop Lawrence, 'to silence all criticism, to suppress discordant voices,' of to arouse public attention by speaking and writing? This army of office-holders do not hesitate to claim for the President a position equal to, if not higher, than that of Lincoln and Washington."

The work of the "army of office holders" is of great effect, but they are by no means all we have to fear. We must restore the healthy Republican and Democratic sentiment that in our form of government the people are the source of power. The people themselves must be aroused.

### Trusts vs. Strikes.

Baltimore Sun.

The great strike of employes in engineering trades in England in 1897 failed because the combination of employes was confronted by a combination of employers, and the latter had the larger staying power. The victories of trade-unions in the past were made possible in most cases by the disorganized condition of the captains of industry. The employers acted as individuals and were beaten in detail. It was easy for a distinct union, sustained by pecuniary help of allied unions throughout the country, to beat the local employer and force him to concede the required recognition of the union and its demands. But when the employers once learned the trick of concerted action and formed a federation embracing all the principal employers in a given industry throughout the United Kingdom an important change in the prospects of the unions was seen to have arrived. There have been other large strikes in England since the "engineering strike," but they have all failed, owing to the new organization of employers by which they were confronted. When organization is pitted against organization it is easy to see that that one whose capital consists chiefly of the labor it wishes to sell can not long hold out against the one that controls the means of subsistence.

This fact adds to the importance, from the labor point of view, of the present movement to bring the scattered industries of the United States together in trusts. The organization of all the employers in a particular industry for trust purposes can be used also for anti-strike purposes. This begins to be appreciated by the labor leaders who foresee the loss of their occupation as strike leaders. An official of the United Garment Workers of America is quoted by the New York Commercial as follows: There is a most serious side to the present tendency of large capital investments to come together. By it the power of large corporations is strengthened, and the weakness of labor organization attacked on all sides. It has been possible for unions to correct evils in times past by concerted action against employers in certain branches of industry, because of the lack of concert among them. This is not now possible for the reason that they have combined, and are to a great extent protected by the large influence they wield. Employes lack the strength of organization with which to fight the battle. Strikes are really of little avail, for in nearly all cases the striker comes off second best, or, at most, with a temporary gain that ill suffices to repay him for the sufferings endured. These infrequent victories, although seemingly great in themselves, are but repeated evidences of the power behind capital; and when, as now, we see these forces combined, the old tactics of fighting cannot avail. Our main hope lies in the Legislatures of the various States. We must fight at the polls. We regard the pooling tendencies of all large industrial enterprises as being decidedly inimical to the interests of the workingman, not only because, in a majority of instances, the avowed intention of the combining industries is the cutting down of expenses, which is largely accomplished by a reduction in the working force, as well as in reducing the wages of those who remain, but because another object, not openly avowed, is the curtailment of the production, by which prices are raised to the consumer at large."

The obvious remedy for all this is, of course, free trade, which cuts down the tariff wall behind which trusts are protected. Free foreign competition for one month would "knock out" all trusts that rely upon tariff rates for existence. But the remedy is too simple, we fear, for the labor leaders to care for it. Too many of them believe it right, or profitable, to try to share with their employers in plucking the consumer, and while they think this way they are likely to continue, we fear, to vote for protection. To tax A for B's benefit is, however, wrong, whether the beneficiaries of the system be employers or employes, and not till the latter see clearly this duty to let up on the consumer will the consumer view their difficulties with complete sympathy. But the perception that the high tariff is a fraud upon the "protected" workingman, as well as upon the unprotected masses of consumers, may accomplish wonders. When it is once seen clearly that the Dingley tariff is the veritable instrument through which trusts are created and through which work is entailed and wages are reduced, there will be hope of reform. Our jingo expansionist movement, congressional extravagance, the pension scandal—these and nearly all our other recent evils are results of the growth of the protectionist idea in the republican and democratic parties in recent years. "Protection" corrupts the very springs of political life and disorders our social and industrial existence. At present this fact is pretty generally ignored, but events are likely to bring it to public notice at an early date in a forcible way.

### Dublin Items

Dublin, Bladen Co., March 11th, 1899.

The spring term of Bladen Superior Court convened at Elizabethtown 7th inst. His Honor Judge W. S. O'B. Robinson presiding, and Solicitor C. M. McLean prosecuting. Among the visiting attorneys at court were: Col. W. F. French, of Lumberton; E. K. Bryan, Esq., and J. H. Gore, Jr., Esq., of Wilmington; D. J. Lewis, Esq., and Hon. J. B. Schulken, of Whiteville; R. E. Lee, Esq., of Union City; Capt. S. H. MacRae, of Fayetteville; and John D. Shaw, Jr., Esq., of Rockingham.

Elizabethtown has been incorporated—F. M. Willis, Esq., is mayor.

Mr. L. T. Beatty, one of Bladen's most prominent citizens, died at his home, "Gravel Hill," March 3rd, after a lingering illness. In his death the county loses one of its best citizens.

R. E. Lee, Esq., of Union City, (Ashpole) was in this community this week.

Mr. John Reagan, of Tolarsville, N. C., was in this section a few days this week.

Mr. R. J. McDuffie, formerly of Alderman, N. C., has moved into this vicinity.

Mr. Harry J. Lyon, of Lyon's Landing, is erecting a branch store at Dublin.

The Bladen county Dispensary has been abolished.

Mr. D. I. Hood has begun the publication of The Cape Fear Lance, a weekly newspaper at Elizabethtown.

M.

### Colored People and Their Views.

Correspondence of the Observer.]

GODWIN, N. C., March 5th, 1899.

EDITOR OBSERVER:

Dear Sir:—Please allow us space in your paper to answer some questions that our colored brethren are almost daily asking us:

1. What about politics now?

Well, we are confronted by a constitutional amendment to be voted for, brought about by our voting with men who only care for us as a race is our votes.

2. What about the Pops?

It was they that caused this amendment to be before us now. We wish to say that we, after having spent three months in thinking on this question, that we, for thirty years, have suffered ourselves to be misled by a set of unscrupulous politicians into believing that our best friends is our worst enemies and we think it is now in order for us, as the surrounding circumstances leads us to believe should have been years ago, that is, we should vote with those who have proven themselves our friends. We hope that our colored brethren, like us, will apply their better judgment to this and not suffer ourselves to be lead to the belief that certain people are our enemies when history clearly proves to the contrary. Our early interest has been fostered by those same men. Normal schools established and maintained, public schools maintained, graded schools established and our rights guaranteed, our differences adjudicated in the courts, and not until we had refused the counsel of many eminent men of our own and the white race did this amendment come before us, indeed for the amendment we cannot vote with any consistency, but let us remember that voting for the amendment and for officers is far different. Let us not be led as we have been for thirty years into taking those from whom we get our support and go to for favors as our enemies. Our worst enemy is the one that leads us in trouble and then can't lead us out.

JAS. T. SMITH,
JEFFREY E. MCNEILL.

### The Richest Man in the World.

Philadelphia Times.]

John D. Rockefeller is today the richest man in the United States—more, indeed, the richest man in the world. His fortune is an incomprehensible one to most people, vast beyond their wildest imagination. He is valued at $250,000,000, but it is likely that his wealth exceeds those figures considerably. If it does not it soon will, for it is increasing at a remarkable rate. His income is upward of $40,000 a day, or over $14,000,000 in a year. At this rate alone, leaving aside the marvelous profits which he makes through the appreciation and depreciation of his stocks, he would in the course of his ordinary life, should he live to no unusual age, become the first billionaire in the history of the world.

His history is most extraordinary. When he started in the world he had scarcely a penny. His accumulation of money was at first slow, but through his marvelous shrewdness he acquired a hundred thousand dollars in ten years. Had he ceased his efforts then, he would have been a millionaire to-day, so well devised were his investments. But he did not. Where he had laid the foundation for a million, he raised beside it similar constructions on a larger scale. To-day, as a result of that marvelous foresight, not unmixed with a little ingenuity and a little good fortune, he has attained his present position as a modern Crœsus.

Rockefeller's interest in the Standard Oil Company is represented by fully $150,000,000. $25,000,000 represents iron interests kindred to the Standard Oil Company, while $5,000,000 represents his interest in natural gas industries and in the land trust, all growing out of the Standard Oil Company's business.

The rest of his wealth is invested in real estate, in railways, in transportation lines, bank and miscellaneous securities, but these represent hardly $65,000,000.


**THE BEST PRESCRIPTION FOR CHILLS**

and fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. Never fails to cure. Why experiment with worthless imitations? Price 50 cents. Your money back if it fails to cure.

**Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.**

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.


### Urged to a Holy War.

The Filipino provisional government at Hong Kong recently issued another virulent anti-American decree, in which the following passages occur:

"The American guns respect neither honor nor property, but barbarously massacre women and children. Manila has witnessed the most horrible outrages, confiscating the properties and savings of the people at the point of the bayonet and shooting the defenseless, accompanied by odious acts of abomination, repugnant barbarism and racial hatred worse than the doings in Carolina. Unless you conjure a holy war for independence you are only worthy to be slaves. Proclaim before the civilized world that you will fight to the death against American treachery and brute force. Even the women should fight, if necessary. American professions and promises are pure hypocrisy. They covet the spoils of the patrimony of our race, wishing to implant here a more irritating and barbarous dominion than in the past."

### Populists and the Amendment.

Hickory Mercury, Populist.)

We are asked every day whether or not the Populist are in favor of the constitutional amendment. As a party the Populists have not yet given an expression. Like the Democrats and Republicans, there are some differences of opinion on the subject. So far as it effects Populists, personally, they are not. And so far as it effects them as a party, there is no reason why they should be. When the negro is no longer the issue, then Populists can be heard on the issues that effect the great masses of the people. Then the minds of the people will not be darkened and their prejudices aroused by the cry of negro domination. Then a sorry white man cannot get behind a good white man's back and call him a negro, because he does not look at political questions like he does, or vote the ticket issued out to him.

But Populists have doubts, as thousands of other good men belonging to other parties have, as to the justness of the law and whether it will be constitutional or not. They have their doubts whether that alone will settle the negro question. They fear it will not. It has not done it in Louisiana and other States where they claim the negro question has been settled.

### English Humor.

Manager (to new assistant)—Business at this establishment is conducted on thoroughly up-to date lines no customer being allowed to leave without making a purchase. Here is a lady entering now. Take notice of my method of serving her.

Lady—What is the price of your shot silk per yard?

Manager—Ten shillings, madam.

Manager—Have you heard how the silkworms are dying off in China?

Lady—Oh, in that case, I will take ten yards.

Manager (triumphantly to new assistant)—Now, that is one way we sell our goods. Let me see you serve this lady who is just entering.

Lady—What is the price of your tape per yard?

New Assistant—Sixpence, madam.

Lady—How is that? I bought some a short time ago at a penny a yard.

New Assistant—Have you not heard how the tape worms are dying in China?

Collapse of manager.

### The Paris Exposition.

Raleigh News and Observer.]

It looks like North Carolina will be well represented—both in number and character of the representatives—at the Paris Exposition in 1900.

One of the last official acts of Speaker Connor yesterday was the appointment of twelve commissioners and twelve alternates to attend this great world's fair as the accredited representatives of the State of North Carolina.

These commissioners are as follows:
John S. Cunningham, Cunningham.
John C. Drewry, Raleigh.
Joseph A. Holmes, Chapel Hill.
T. K. Bruner, Salisbury.
Charles E. Johnson, Raleigh.
J. L. Currie, Carthage.
W. B. Council, Boone.
Clayton Giles, Wilmington.
James A. Bryan, Newbern.
J. S. Carr, Durham.
Nathan O'Berry, Goldsboro.
John D. Murphy, Asheville.

The following were named as alternates:
H. C. Wall, Rockingham.
John Wood, Edenton.
Fred A. Olds, Raleigh.
Fred Phillips, Tarboro.
W. R. Odell, Concord.
P. H. Hanes, Winston.
D. Y. Cooper, Henderson.
Ashley Horne, Clayton.
Charles W. Worth, Wilmington.
J. S. Westbrook, Faison.
M. C. Toms, Hendersonville.
Hugh Chatham, Mt. Airy.

These appointments were made in accordance with three resolutions introduced in the House and passed.

The first one was by Mr. Foushee, of Durham, and provided for three commissioners; the next one was by Mr. Council, of Watauga, and added four more, and the last one, also by Mr. Council, added still five others—making in all an even one dozen.

These commissioners have the privilege of going to gay Paris at their own expense and staying as long as they please and living in as munificent style as their blood will stand, on the same terms.

### Change of Ratio Would Be Dishonest

Democratic Proof Sheet.]

There is much force in the suggestion that to raise the ratio between gold and silver to 20, 24 or 32, would greatly diminish the number of money mints, raising their values, lowering prices, and increasing the burden of all debt. Those who favor free coinage by this country, but desire a change of ratio, are very few in number, and have nothing definite to offer. We have never yet encountered a man that we believed to be sincerely in favor of independent action by the United States who advocated a change of ratio unless it was to 15 1-2, and those whom we have met favoring that ratio are almost without exception ready to adopt 16 to 1. With them it is merely a question of preference. Let those bi-metalists who object to the ratio of 16 to 1 make a showing of strength and then agree among themselves as to the ratio upon which they will stand. This will greatly improve their status and it may entitle them to recognition.


I have been afflicted with rheumatism for fourteen years and nothing seemed to give any relief. I was able to be around all the time, but constantly suffering. I had tried everything I could hear of and at last was told to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm, which I did, and was immediately relieved and in a short time cured. I am happy to say that it has not since returned.—JOSH EDGAR, Germantown, Cal. For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

**One Minute Cough Cure, cures.**
That is what it was made for.


### Rev. Mr. Leavitt Receives a Call.

Rev. T. H. Leavitt has received a call to the pastorate of the West End Baptist Church of Raleigh.

### Our Representatives Return.

Senator Williams and Representative Robinson, returned from Raleigh Friday afternoon. Representative Ray left for his home several days ago.

### Mr. Lloyd Cromartie's Residence Burns.

Mr. Lloyd Cromartie, of Folsom, Bladen county, was in the city Friday and told of the burning a day or two ago of his residence, barns and outhouses. It was a total loss, as he had no insurance.

### An Infant Desperado.

Louis West, a thirteen year old colored boy living on Haymount, was put in jail Saturday charged with carrying a pistol which he fired promiscuously around, one of his shots nearly killing a neighbor. When seen by an OBSERVER reporter that morning he was crying for his mother.

### Miss Graham Sister Dead.

Miss Sturdevant, a sister of Mrs. H. Tucker Graham, died at her her home in Virginia Thursday. Rev. Mr. Graham has gone to attend the funeral.

Miss Sturdevant was here on a visit not long ago and news of her death will be a shock to the many friends she made during her stay.

Mrs. Graham has our profoundest sympathy.

### The Cape Fear and Northern.

Mr. Angiers, General Manager of the Cape Fear and Northern, and his attorney will be here this week, to see about the details of the building of his road to this city, such as securing the right of way, a terminal, etc.

Our people should give him the encouragement that the prospects for this new road deserves.

### Man Drowned from the Hurt.

A white man, whose name is E. S. Pedman, a passenger on the steamer Hurt, bound for Elizabethtown from Wilmington in charge of a drove of horses on board, fell from the boat Friday night south of Elizabethtown and was drowned. The Hurt's crew spent some time looking for the body, but could not find it. Further particulars are not known as the Hurt will not be up before night.

Pedman's home was at Garretts, Va., and he was an employe of the Cape Fear Lumber Company.

### The Red Caps a Fake and Its Agent a Scoundrel.

The man named Raynor, who has been here since Wednesday extensively advertising the coming of the "Red Caps", an organization purporting to expose hypnotism, shipped Friday night owing bills, which in the aggregate amount to a good sum.

He was stopping at the Davis House and besides owing $3 and more for board bill, Thurrday afternoon borrowed 80 cents from Mrs. Davis. He left some time during the night, as an examination of his room showed that he did not sleep in it.

He had a deal of printing done at the several job offices, had boys distributing handbills and had posters also printed here, stuck up all over town, announcing the coming of the "wonderful" organization.

He is probably following in the wake of Lee and Santanelli, and it will be well for towns where these great hypnotists have been and other towns, too, for that matter, to be on the lookout for the scoundrel and have him arrested.

The "Ah just wait till the Red Caps come" contingent of skeptics will now go into mourning.


CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

**They Like It.**

"My daughter has taken Hood's Sarsaparilla as a blood purifier and tonic, and likes it better than any other medicine. It creates a good appetite and strengthens the whole system. One of my friends who took Hood's Sarsaparilla says it is the best medicine in the world." MRS G. W. FOSTER, Shallowford, N. C.

Hood's Pills are non-irritating and the only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

*"Only the First Step is Difficult."*

*The first step in Spring should be to cleanse Nature's house from Winter's accumulations. Hood's Sarsaparilla does this work easily. It is America's Greatest Spring Medicine. It purifies the blood, as millions of people say.*

It makes the weak strong, as nervous men and women gladly testify. It cures all blood diseases, as thousands of cured voluntarily write. It is just the medicine for you, as you will gladly say after you have given it a fair trial.

**Bad Blood**—"Although past 70 years of age I am thoroughly well. It was three bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla that made me so after spending over $60 in medical attendance. My trouble was a raw sore on my ankle." MATILDA BRIDGEWATER, Court Street, Lowell, Mass.

**Running Sores**—"After worrying four months I gave my children Hood's Sarsaparilla and it cured them of running sores. Hood's Pills cured me of dyspepsia and constipation." MRS. KATE E. THOMAS, 31 Governor St., Annapolis, Md.

**Consumptive Cough**—"Five years ago I had a consumptive cough which reduced me to a skeleton. Was advised to take Hood's Sarsaparilla which I did and recovered normal health. I have been well ever since." MATILDA BRIDGEWATER, Cor. Pearl and Chestnut Sts., Jeffersonville, Ind.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, the non-irritating and only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.



CASTORIA
for Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
BEARS THE SIGNATURE OF
Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.


### FAYETTEVILLE TO HAVE A SILK MILL.

**What a Great Northern Manufacturer Thinks of Us.**

The early part of last week Mr. Dwight Asheley of the great silk manufacturing firm of Asheley & Bailey, operating three silk mills, one at Columbus, Pa., and one at Marietta, Pa., with offices and counting room in New York city, came here prospecting for a suitable location for a silk mill. He drove over the city and through the suburbs, and seemed greatly impressed with the great advantages as a manufacturing point Fayetteville and vicinity possess and said so unhesitatingly. He was particularly struck with a tract of land, containing 140 acres, embraced in a territory between the A. C. L. coal shute and Mims's pond and running back up behind the arsenal a mile in length. This property was owned by Dr. T. M. Hunter, who upon being approached offered to sell it for the exact amount it cost him. Mr. Asheley returned to New York Tuesday night, with an option on the property, saying he would consult Mr. Bailey and give his answer immediately, assuring a number of our citizens before his departure that if a move south was made it would be to Fayetteville.

Sunday Dr. Hunter received a letter from Mr. Asheley, notifying him that his firm had decided to locate in Fayetteville and asking him to make out the deed for the property.

One factory will be erected for the present, and if it proves successful, of which Mr. Asheley says he is assured, all three plants, which employ 2,000 people, will be moved here. The first building to be erected will be a three story, brick one, 160 feet long and 40 feet wide.

Mr. Asheley assigns, among other things, the following reasons for his deciding to locate here:

"*The healthfulness of Fayetteville is one of the greatest inducements, as well as the fact that I like the people very much, also the modest pretentions improve it as a community.*"

### Cheer Up!

A good many of our people are considerably downcast by the last blow inflicted upon the town in consequence of the sale of the C. F. & Y. V. Railway—the order transferring the layover of conductors and engineers from Fayetteville to Wilmington. The feeling appears to be due not so much to a sense of the actual loss to the town and the parties immediately concerned, great as that is, as to the impression that this was a needless blow.

Without entering into a discussion of this phase of the matter, we desire to impress upon our people the importance of making the best of the situation, bad as that immediately is. We are not in the habit of deceiving our readers, and we must ask them to rely upon our statement that there are really many reasons for taking a bright view of our prospects. Several important enterprises that will more than make up for our recent losses under the railway consolidation movement, are "on the stocks," and the coming hither of one or more railroads in the near future is practically assured.

Cheer up! Cheer up! "Fayetteville," as Pier and Brannan used to tell us, "*is bound* to shine."


**MOSLEY'S LEMON ELIXIR**
**A Pleasant Lemon Tonic**

For biliousness, constipation and appendicitis.
For indigestion, sick and nervous headache.
For sleeplessness nervousness and heart failure.
For fever, chills, debility and kidney diseases, take Lemon Elixir.
Ladies, for natural and thorough organic regulation, take Lemon Elixir.
Dr. Mosley's Lemon Elixir is prepared from the fresh juice of lemons, combined with other vegetable liver tonics, and will not fail you in any of the above named diseases. 50c. and $1.00 bottles at all druggists.
Prepared only by Dr. H. Mosley, Atlanta, Ga

**At the Capitol.**

I am in my seventy-third year, and for fifty years I have been a great sufferer from indigestion, constipation and biliousness. I have tried all the remedies advertised for these diseases, and got no permanent relief. About one year ago, the disease assuming a more severe and dangerous form, I became very weak, and lost flesh rapidly. I commenced using Dr. Mosley's Lemon Elixir. I gained twelve pounds in three months. My strength and health, my appetite and my digestion were perfectly restored, and now I feel as young and vigorous as I ever did in my life
L. J. ALLDRED,
Door-keeper Ga. State Senate.
State Capitol, Atlanta, Ga.

**Mosley's Lemon Elixir**

is the very best medicine I ever used for the diseases you recommend it for, and I have used many kinds for woman's troubles.
MRS. S. A. GRESHAM.
Salem, N. C.

**MOSLEY'S LEMON HOT DROPS.**

Cures all Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Hemorrhage, and all throat and lung diseases. Elegant, reliable.
25c. at druggists. Prepared only by Dr. H. Mosley, Atlanta, Ga.
daily sat and weekly


### Judge Fuller Here.

Judge Thos. C. Fuller, who has just been re-appointed one of the justices of the U. S. Court of Land Claims, spent Monday in the city, to the delight of his relatives and friends. He appears in the best of health.

### Board of Trustees of Fayetteville Normal School.

The following are the board of trustees, recently appointed for the State colored Normal School of this city: Dr. W. C. McDuffie, and Messrs. H. R. Horne, J. D. McNeill, H. W. Lilly and H. L. Cook. They have the appointment of teachers, etc.

### Mr. Gwatkin Leaves Us.

Mr. T. B. Gwatkin, formerly storekeeper of the C. F. & Y. V. in this city, left Sunday for Portsmouth, Va., to accept a position with the S. A. L.

Mr. Gwatkin made a number of warm friends here, during his three years stay, who wish him God speed in his new work.

### Cumberland County Legislation.

An OBSERVER reporter called on Representative Robinson Monday morning at his office for the purpose of obtaining information relative to recent legislation, with which he has been prominently connected. Mr. Robinson was one of the hardest workers in the General Assembly, and it is said that he spent six hours in committee work besides much time on the floor of the House. He was chairman of the Library committee, and a member of the following committees: Judiciary, Education, Railroads and Railroad Commission, Claims and Constitutional Amendments.

Among the bills he had passed, especially effecting Cumberland county and Fayetteville, were the following: Cumberland county Road law; Fayetteville Electric Light bill; Fayetteville Water Works bill; Amendments to City Charter; bill to fix tax year for Fayetteville, and reducing tax of 1898; Amendment to Charter of Fayetteville and Albemarle R. R; Charter for Bank of Cumberland; appointment of Justices of the Peace for Quewhiffle (there was no election there) who are D. J. Ray, D. B. Campbell, and J. W. Johnson; appointment of Democratic Justices of the Peace for Black River, who are I. W. Strickland, Lawrence Smith and two others; bills placing E. M. Waddell, Jas. Calder and Jas. Walker on the pension list, the former as 3rd class and the latter two as 4th class; creating two additional terms of the Superior Court of Cumberland county, (on petition of bar), one during the week beginning the 2nd Monday before the 1st Monday in March, and the other during the week beginning the 3rd Monday after 1st Monday in September; creating a stock law territory in Upper Carver's Creek, from McNeill's Bridge to mouth of Trantham's Creek; creating a stock law territory in Black River township; bill establishing limits of Cross Creek stock law territory so as to require railroads in said territory to pay tax, all Fayetteville real estate being exempt; and an act amendatory of Dispensary act.

Mr. Robinson made notable speeches as follows:

In advocacy of restoring white government to the county of Hertford; in advocacy of bill requiring railroads in State to pay their proportionate part of tax; in opposition to dispensaries of State being taxed for the benefit of State, which move his speech prevented, said tax being reduced and going to the school fund of dispensary counties; in favor of the impeachment of Judge Norwood, (said to have been his greatest effort and which caused his appointment as one of the managers of the trial which, however, was happily avoided); in favor of the jim crow car law, and against one fare on railroads; and in advocacy of submitting the dispensary question to a vote of the people.


**Doubles the Pleasure of a Drive.**
A fine carriage doubles the pleasure of driving. Intending buyers of carriages or harness can save dollars by sending for the large, free catalogue of the Elkhart Carriage and Harness Mfg. Co., Elkhart, Ind.

**One Minute Cough Cure, cures.**
That is what it was made for.

SEND US ONE DOLLAR and this ad. and we will send you this big $25.00 high grade Elizabeth CRAZ AND WOOL Freight C.O.D., subject to examination

ACME BIRD

WRITE FOR OUR BIG FREE STOVE CATALOGUE

This stove is size No. 8, oven is 16½x18x11, top is 30x31, and weighs about 250 pounds; extra large fire box, heavy linings and grate, large ash shelf, heavy cast oven door, handsome nickel-plated ornament and urnhandles, extra large deep centre Standard nickel-plated reservoir, handsome large ornamented base and cast top and ornaments, and we furnish FREE an extra wood shaker, making the perfect wood burner. WE RISK A $15.00 DELIVERED with every stove and guarantee safe delivery to your railroad station. Your local dealer would charge you $25.00 for such a stove; the freight is only about $2.00 for each 100 pounds, so we save you at least $15. Address SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., (Incd), CHICAGO. (Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)

# THE OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N.C., MARCH 16,1899

We desire a live agent and correspondent at every postoffice in Cumberland and adjoining counties.

Correspondence on all subjects of local and general interest and opinions upon matters public of concern, are invited

The editor will not be responsible for the veiws or statements of correspondents —and reserves the right at all times to revise or correct any article he may think requires it.

Correepondence for the Weekly Observer should reach the office not later than Monday.

One side, only, of the paper must be written on—and the real name of the writer accompany the contribution. No attention will be paid to anonymous letters.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.


Wanted---Pekin Ducks.
Nimocks & Cook---A Good Bond.
Nimocks & Cook—March. Fire Month!
Q K. Nimocks—A Sensible Housewife.
C. P. Overby—Harness and Saddle Repairing.
Rosenthal C. O. D. Clothing Store—Clothing.
J. A. Burns & Co.---Ready for Spring Business.
H. H. Cartland---See My Samples of New Goods:


**Death at Hope Mills.**

Mr. L. C. Gibbs, who, up to being taken ill six months ago, was boss of the weaver room at Hope Mills, died Sunday morning. He was an unmarried man.

**Negroes and Their Votes.**

The communication which we publish elsewhere signed by two colored men, is open to the objection that it might tempt to a deal to the disadvantage of the amendment.

**Mr. W. C. Houston Reaching Out.**

We see in the northern papers that Mr. W. C. Houston has been made president of a company which is to establish a $1,000,000 cotton mill plant in Venezuela. It will be the pioneer in cotton milling in that country.

**A Fayetteville Room.**

A collection, amounting to $40, was taken up in the Baptist Church Sunday to furnish a room in the Baptist Female University at Raleigh, to be known as the Fayetteville Room. This University, which has been erected at a cost of $40,000, will be opened on Sept. 1st.

**Jimmie is no More.**

Old "Jimmie or "Rip," the old brown pointer of Mr. Ed. McKethan, passed over Sunday to his happy hunting ground. The old fellow, who was about ten years old, hunted impartially for anyone who called him carrying a gun and afforded sport for many. He will be long remembered by the hunters of Fayetteville as well as by the boys of Chapel Hill along about '90 and '91.

**Engagement Announced.**

The Raleigh correspondent of Sunday's Wilmington Star says:

The engagement is announced of Miss Mabel Green, daughter of Colonel Wharton J. Green, of Fayetteville, and Mr. George Elliott, son of Mr. Warren G. Elliott, President of the Atlantic Coast Line. The marriage will be solemnized at Fayetteville April 19, and will be a social event of great interest to their friends here and elsewhere.

**New Track on the A. C. L**

The A. C. Line force is preparing the bed for a double track from near the passenger station on Hay street to a point beyond Lamon street. As the line indicated crosses Cross Creek an additional truss will be laid on the present bridge. The new track will supply much needed facilities for shifting trains, and set the main track free for the regular trains.

**Tobacco Planting.**

A number of Cumberland county farmers are now preparing land for tobacco culture, most of them devoting five acres to their first attempt, the proper acreage for one barn.

Mr. R. L. Williams will plant fifteen acres in tobacco on what is known as the new ground of his splendid plantation, Cottonade. He has planted tobacco before, however, and has already erected two splendidly equipped barns. Mr. Williams has already engaged the services of a family of expert tobacco cultivationists, from what is known as the tobacco belt.

The planting of tobacco by our farmers necessitates the erection of a warehouse and we understand that one is to be erected and operated.

**Agricultural Committee Appointments.**

At the meeting of the state Agricultural board Friday Maj. Graham moved that the election of officers be postponed until the next meeting of this board, and that when the board does adjourn that it adjourn to meet at 4:30 o'clock p. m. on the 26th day of April next.

Fayetteville will be interested in the personnel of the Immigration and the Inspector of Fertilizer Committees, as there are candidates from this county for Immigration Commission and Fertilizer Inspector.

The Immigration Committee is Maj. W. A. Graham, chairman; A. T. McCallum, R. H. Jones, L. G. Waugh, Howard Browning.

The Inspection and Sale of Fertilizers Committee is A. T. McCallum, chairman; W. A. Graham, R. H. Jones W. A. Dills, G. E. Flow.

Cumberland's member of the Board, W. Doug. Smith Esq. is on the Committee of A. & M. College and Contageous diseases of cattle.

Ever since the year the government distributed so many seeds in Fayetteville—smashing the seed business into smithers—many lovers of the garden have had a good word for Wood's seed. H. R. Horne has the agency for Fayetteville.

**BEST OF ALL**

To cleanse the system in a gentle and truly beneficial manner, when the Springtime comes, use the true and perfect remedy, Syrup of Figs. Buy the genuine. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and for sale by all druggists, at 50 cents per bottle.

**Cleveland Side Tracks for McKinley.**

President McKinley and party, which included Mrs. McKinley, Vice President and Mrs. Hobart and Master Hobart, Senator and Mrs. Hanna, Miss Hanna and Miss Phelps, Dr. J. N. Rixey and Mr. George B. Cortelyou, Assistant Secretary to the President and R. S. Barnes, one of the executive clerks, passed through Fayetteville at 3:22 o'clock Tuesday morning in a special consisting of five pullman cars. The train was called the New York and Chicago Limited, and was painted in red, white and blue.

McKinley occupied the rear coach, the magnificent private observation car Iolanthe. The remainder of the train consisted of the compartment car Horatio, the sleeper Clematis, the dining car Aberlin, and the combination smoking and baggage car, Cassius.

About an hour afterwards Ex President Cleveland passed through in a private car attached to the Florida Special north-bound.

The two trains bearing the President and Ex President, met at Parkton at 3:35 o'clock, the Cleveland train side tracking for the McKinley Special.

**Meeting of Board of Supervisors.**

At a recent meeting of the Board of Supervisors of Cross Creek township, Mr. C. P. Overby was elected chairman and Mr. Jno. Underwood secretary. An order was passed requiring all overseers of the township to put the roads under their charge in order at once and report to the chairman.

**Appeals from this District.**

Appeals from this, the Seventh, Judicial district will be taken up in the Supreme Court on Tuesday, March 21st, in the following order: Tedder vs. Railroad. McDonald vs. Ingram. McAllister vs. Purcell. Broadfoot vs. Fayetteville. Southport vs. Stanley. Bank vs. Nimocks. Hall vs. Cottenhan. LeDuc vs. Slocomb.

**Shoe Thief.**

David Surles, the little humpback shoe black, was arrested and jailed yesterday by officer Benton, charged with stealing a pair of shoes from Crawford's store. He tried to dispose of the shoes to a well known shoemaker and was caught with them in his possession. This is one of a number of similar thefts.

**Shad Trust goes Under.**

The rise in the river will again stop the catch of shad, which, for the past week, has been unusually large. More than a hundred were caught early yesterday morning.

Shad were being caught in such quantities that a shad trust was formed to prevent a glut on the market and keep the price up to fifty cents, but the members got to quarreling and the great scheme fell through. Some said that John Evelyn originated the idea but John modestly denies this.

**Election of Directors of Fayetteville Cotton Mill.**

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Fayetteville Cotton Mills was held Tuesday in Mayor Cook's office. The following directors were elected: H. W. Lilly, J. P. Thompson, Chas. Haigh, W. S. Cook, R. McMillan, A. A. McKethan and E. L. Pemberton. The Directors have not yet elected the officers.

**Mr Huske Gets His Appointment.**

Representative Robinson received word Tuesday that Mr. W. W. Huske had been appointed State fertiliver inspector at a salary of $900 a year and all expenses paid.

This is good, but not half as good as Mr. Huske deserves. He goes up to Raleigh tomorrow to enter upon his duties.

**Deed to the C. F. & Y. V. Received for Recording.**

Register of Deeds Bynum received yesterday by the hand of Mr. Milton C. Elliott, of Wilmington, the deed to the C. F. & Y. V. Railroad. The instrument has $3120 in revenue stamps on it. It sets forth that it conveys through Master Commissioners Eugene Martin and Clement Manly the right title, interest, etc., in the C. F. & Y. V. to Harry Walters, Benj. F. Newcomer, Michael Jenkins and Warren G. Elliott for the use of the corporation known as the Atlantic and Yadkin.

From Tuesday's Daily.

News of Interest.

The list of Second Lieutenants appointed under the army re organization bill was made public yesterday afternoon. There are 123 in the list, among them being Oliver H. Dockery and Thomas H. Newland, of North Carolina.

The immmediate muster out of Lee's army corps has been decided upon.

The troops of North Carolina, South Carolina, Louisiana and Georgia will probably be brought to Savannah; the Texas troops to Galveston, and the Tennessee, Kentucky and Virginia troops to Old Point Comfort, Va.

The Democratic primaries in Wilmington held yesterday for the nomination of candidates for Mayor, Chief of Police, Aldermen and members of the City Executive Committee resulted in the nomination of Col. A. M. Waddell for Mayor and Capt. E. G. Parmelee for Chief of Police.

Dr. William Lewis, secretary of the State Board of Health, says smallpox is steadily increasing in North Carolina. He reports the disease prevalent in seventeen counties, and a letter from Burlington states that there are eleven cases there. If smallpox continues to increase it is not unlikely that vaccination may be compulsory.

**RELIEF IN SIX HOURS.**

Distressing Kidney and Bladder disease relieved in six hours by "NEW GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN KIDNEY CURE." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Relieves retention of water almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by

H. R. HORNE, Druggist,
Fayetteville, N. C.

**Mr. Robinson and His Colleagues.**

EDITOR OBSERVER:

I thank you for your kind mention of me in yesterday's paper, in connection with my work in the General Assembly; but the entire credit is not due to me, and I beg to say that some of the bills mentioned were first introduced in the Senate.

Messrs. Williams and Ray did their full duty, and we were all in entire accord with reference to all legislation affecting the County of Cumberland and City of Fayetteville. For your numerous courtesies accept my sincere thanks. Respectfully,

H. McD. ROBINSON.

## The General Attack Begun—The Battle of Pasig this Afternoon.

By cable to the Observer.

Manila, March 13th.—The advance was sounded at 6:30 this morning, the cavalry leading at a smart trot across the open to the right and eventually reaching the slump commanding the rear of Gaudaloupe. The advance opened a heavy fire, but the response was feeble and desultory, apparently from a handful of rebels in every cover. While the right column was swinging toward the town of Pasig, the left advanced, pouring volleys into the bush. A small body of rebels made a determined stand at Gaudalupe church, but were unable to withstand the assault. At 7:30 the gunboats started toward Pasig, first encountering the rebels in a jungle near Gaudalupe. Steaming slowly they poured a terrific fire from Gatlings into the brush for hours. Meanwhile Scott's battery ashore was shelling the trenches and driving the enemy. The artillery then advanced over a ridge of bamboo, and sent the enemy's sharpshooters away with volleys from their carbines. The artillery moved to the ridge commanding Pasig. By this time the enemy was in full retreat along the line, a mile long. The firing discontinued temporarily in order to give the troops a rest before attacking Pasig.

Manila, March 13.—General Wheaton attacked and captured the city of Pasig this afternoan. The enemy made a stand for an hour, and at the end of that time were forced to retreat. The Filipinos lost thirty killed and sixteen prisoners. Six Americans were wounded. The rebels were caught in the trap on one side of the river and were shelled by the gunboats, a flying column pursuing them to the other side, where they were kept all the while in the open, where the advancing column had an easy range. In this way they made it imperative for the rebels to retreat or be shot down.

## The Advance Continues this Morning —On to Malalos.

By cable to the Observer.

Manila, March 14.—The march towards Parteros the second objective point of General Wheaton's flying column has begun. General Wheaton will not hold his hand until he closes on Malaloe, the insurgent capitol. The march on Palny was begun this morning after a driving fight on the left of the church. In Pasig the men had slept on their arms ready for instant service.

An hour after Scott's battery had shelled the woods to the left of Pasig church the Twenty second Regulars were ordered to advance. They swung into line with much alacrity and as though they had not had twenty-four hours constant fighting in the roughest country. The rebels met them with repeated volleys, but were answered in short order. In order to save time the troops went by the native roadways. The gunboats shelled the jungles as the troops advanced.

## Spain again to Appeal to the Powers.

By cable to the Observer.)

Madrid, March 14.—The Spanish government is preparing to again appeal to the Powers against Gen. Otis' order forbidding negotiations for the ransom of the Spanish prisoners held by the Filipinos. Premier Silvela and Minister of War Polavieja held another conference this morning concerning the order. They decided that in addition to an appeal to the Powers Spain would also send a protest to Washington.

## The Snow Bound Train.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Cheyenne, March 14th.—The Cheyenne and Northern passenger train which has been for three weeks blocked in the snow near Iron Mountain, is little nearer being released than ten days ago. The rescuing train is still over ten miles away. The snow in many places is ten feet deep and hard frozen. For the past twenty four hours thirty five men with pikes and shovels did not make over one hundred and fifty yards. It will require several days to reach the train with supplies for the passengers.

**Items of Interest.**

A Wilmington policeman named R. J. Jones, attempted suicide Tuesday. The doctors brought him round, however. No reason is assigned for the act.

Dr. Henry F. Long, of Statesville, was Tuesday appointed state inspector of smallpox and will start from Raleigh at once to visit the infected places in the State. New cases are reported at Greensboro and Warrenton. There is a call for tents for patients, but none seem available.

Capt. J. W. Harper, of Wilmington, has gone to New York for the purpose of bringing his new boat, the Manila, to Wilmington to be run in connection with the present steamer Wilmington

The Manila is a brand new boat 70 feet long with a 15 foot beam and compound engine and is admirably designed for passenger and freight service.

The following is General Otis's cabled report of Tuesday's fighting:

Manila, March 14, 1899.

Until yesterday field operations here since capturing Caloocan were of a minor nature, consisting of driving back small bands of insurgents, with considerable loss to the latter. Yesterday General Wheaton, with the Twentieth and Twenty-second infantry, the Oregon and Washington troops, a section of the Sixth artillery and a squadron of the Fourth cavalry, attacked a large force of the enemy, drove them back and took the line of Pasig river, which he now holds. Two improvised gunboats in the lake have been captured and considerable property. The insurgent loss is heavy; ours, one killed, and the wounded aggregate thirty five, mostly slightly wounded. The insurgents made no determined stand.

OTIS.

**TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY**

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on ea each tablet.

## British Isles Wants To Be Annexed.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, March 15.—News has reached here that English subjects in the West Indies are signing a memorial asking the mother country to transfer the islands to the United States in exchange for the Phillipines. The people are becoming disgusted at the apathy and utter indifference of the British government and believe they will be better off if the American flag floated over the islands.

## France To Be Asked To Intervene.

By telegraph to the Observer.)

Madrid, March 15th.—The Premier in an interview this morning, spoke in favor of obtaining the intervention of France, for the purpose of obtaining the permission of the United States for Spain to resume direct negotiations for the release of the Spanish prisoners held by the rebels.

## A Large Steamer Ashore.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Norfolk, March 15.—A large steamship went ashore a short distance off shore, opposite the Cape Henry Life Saving Station, this morning. She is heavily loaded. A fog prevails and particulars are unobtainable.

A heavy sea is running and the situation of the Iowa is perilous. The life savers find it difficult to reach the vessel.

## An Alabama Tornado.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Birmingham, Ala., March 15.—A tornado near here to-day caused much damage to property, and it is feared a big loss of life. The wires are in a bad shape as a result of the storm's havoc, and details are difficult to obtain. The tornado wrecked a dozen or more dwellings and three churches, and unroofed several factories at Avon and Woodlawn in the suburbs of Birmingham.

## Restlessness in Havana.

By cable to the Observer.

Havana, March 15th.—The report of the resignation of civil governor Mora is untrue. Nervous tension and restlessness, especially in the evenings is noticeable in the vicinity of Central park, where men congregate to talk politics. Police are under orders not to allow groups to assemble and disperses them, which causes uncomplimentary comment by the people, declaring that the police are interfering with the rights of freedom.

## Fierce Fighting This Morning—The Greatest Battle Since February 5th.

By cable to the Observer.

Manila, March 15.—Pasig and Taguig was again taken this morning after a desperate fight with the rebels. Several hundred were killed or captured. The Filipino forces were completely routed and Paterros was occupied before dawn by the Washington volunteers. They formed for a night attack, crossed the river and fell upon the insurgents who had returned after being shelled out of the place yesterday.

The Washingtons had one killed and one wounded. Twelve of the enemy were killed at Paterros and eleven captured.

The fighting around Taguig this morning was fierce. Wheaton's brigade attacked the enemy, who had concentrated there and routed them after the most severe fighting. After the battle Wheaton's forces pushed forward and occupied Pasig and Taguig.

The American losses are not yet fully reported. General Otis is highly pleased and pronounces the victory the greatest since February 5th.

Of a Filipino force of four thousand, three hundred and fifty were captured and many bodies of rebels killed in the engagement are seen floating down the river. Today's fighting was like that of last week, the insurgents occasionally making a stand, but eventually fleeing, their loss is supposed to be small, as the Americans were unable to see the enemy on account of the thickets. The progress of the Americans is slow as this morning they were fighting from Taguig.

## Otis Cables To-Day's Fight.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, March 15.—General Otis cables this afternoon from Manila that four thousand rebels moved down last night to the towns of Pasig and Paterros, confronting Wheaton's troops on the Pasig river line. By heavy fighting Wheaton dislodged them, drove them back, captured four hundred prisoners and inflicted a heavy loss in killed and wounded. He reports that his loss is very moderate. He now occupies those towns with sufficient force to hold them.

## The Imprisoned Train Heard From.

By telegraph to the Observer )

Cheyenne, March 15th.—Three passengers of the snowbound train at Iron Mountain arrived here today, having walked from the snowbound train to the relief train, ten miles. One had a foot frozen, and all are suffering from scurvy, as a result of bad cooking; all on board are victims of dysentery and are in a weakened condition. Three women are on the train, the Misses Morrison and Callan of Cheyenne, and Miss Mary Robinson of Galeton, Pa. It is impossible to rescue the imprisoned train for some days.

**NO CURE—NO PAY.**

That is the way all druggists sell Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic for Chills and Malaria. It is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. Children love it. Adults prefer it to bitter, nauseating Tonics. Price 50c

**Beauty Is Blood Deep.**

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.


CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of The Kind You Have Always Bought
Chas. H. Fletcher

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.
Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c, $1. All druggis.

Wanted--Pekin Ducks.
Half dozen or dozen Pekin Ducks. Would prefer two or three drakes in lot. Apply at the OBSERVER Office.

C. P. OVERBY
is now prepared to do all kinds of
Harness and Saddle Repairing,
2nd floor of 2nd building, east side of Gillespie Street.

FOR SALE.
A second-hand 25 horse power Engine and a 30-horse power Boiler. Are now in use and in good repair. Terms easy.
Apply to
J F. GILMORE,
Box, N C.

The Newberry Furniture Store.
This house is now selling handsome goods at REDUCED PRICES.
Sewing Machines, Handsome Chamber Suits, Oak Suits, Poplar Suits, Buresus, Rocking Chairs, Side Boards, Wardrobes, Parlor Cabinets, Music Cabinets, Chiffoniers, Iron Bedsteads with brass trimmings, Easles, Curtain Poles, Ice Cream Freezers, Refrigerators, Bed Springs, Window Shades, Mattings, Lace Curtains, and a great variety of Household Furnishing Goods.
These goods must be sold and we are offering bargains.
T. B. Newberry's Furniture Store,
Thornton Block, Fayetteville, N C.

Hides, Tallow, Beeswax. Bones, Rubber, Copper, Brass and Rags,
Much Money For You.
Hides, Tallow, Beeswax, Bones, Rubber, Copper, Rags, Brass, etc., bought by W. A CRAWFORD It will pay you to investigate this matter. Gillespie street, Fayetteville, N. C.

To the Farmer.
A good time to bring in your Eggs, Sweet Potatoes and other produce.
I have a few bushels left of Seed Alaska Peas for sale.
Pork selling well just at this time.
Excuse my short letter.
"The Hay Street Grocer,"
A. S. HUSKE.

We haven't as many Wood's Seeds as seemed to be given away that season, but we have a large, full and fresh supply at Horne's Pharmacy.

Garden Seed Free!
We believe in advertising and we wish our labors to "bear fruit." We want the fact to become "well rooted" in the mind of the public that we are the people from whom to buy anything in the
HARDWARE
line. We propose to give you, free of cost, something that will "vegetate" and keep our memory "green" with you. We have therefore made arrangements to give away with each Garden or Farming Tool bought from us during the month of February, March and April a
Five Cent package of T. W. Wood & Son's Famous Garden Seeds.
So if you want Hoes, Rakes, Spades, Shovels, Forks, Plows, Mattocks, Wheelbarrows (or even a ten cent garden Trowel) you can get a package of these seed with each tool or implement bought from us at retail.
We are a "growing house" you buy the "tool," we furnish the seed; if it's a plow —a "little push," if a hoe or spade—a little "energy," and your harvest will be abundant. Thus it is with those who trade with us. Call or address your orders
HUSKE HARDWARE HOUSE.
We have our upstairs and 2 warehouses literally packed with Sash, Blinds and Doors. We assure you we have a great many bargains in the lot it will pay you to call and see.

Buck's Splendid Stoves
We have added to our line of Buck's Stoves a cheaper grade, made by Buck, and we know they cannot be beat at the price.
OUR LIME is undoubtedly the best Four barrels will do more than five of many brands sold about here. Our barrels weigh 230 lbs. We are frequently offered barrels of lime weighing from 150 to 200 lbs, but we don't sell short weight goods.
HUSKE HARDWARE HOUSE.
Feb. 9 th,m,m m,m.

CLOTHING.
The Cheapest and Best
—place in town to buy a Suit is at—
The C. O. D. Clothing Store
Just received hundreds of Suits for Children, Boys and Men; so
Can Fit ANY One at ANY Price.
Remember, our stock is brand new, having just opened last September; so, if you buy a suit from us, you know that
It Has Not Been On The Tables Ten or Fifteen Years,
and, again, you are trading with people who are reliable and will guarantee every suit sold. Before buying a Spring Suit just call and look over our stock, and you will find that we carry no trash or old stock and nothing but the
SLICKEST, CLEANEST, LARGEST
stock of Clothing and Gents' Furnishings ever shown in Fayetteville.
ROSENTHAL'S
C. O. D. Clothing Store,
15 Hay Street, next door to D. H. Ray.



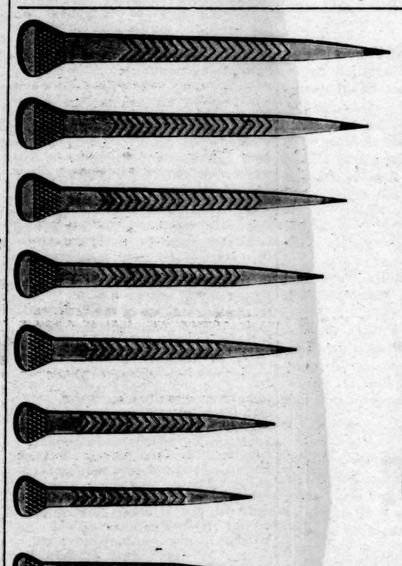
READY FOR SPRING - BUSINESS.
We have everything in the Clothing line for Men and Boys. New Spring Stock now complete. More new patterns and up-to-date styles than any other house in the trade. Our specialty.
STRAUSE & BRO.'S
"HIGH-ART" CLOTHING,
both READY-MADE and MADE TO MEASURE.
SAMUEL STERNBERGER & CO.'S SHIRTS,
white and fancy, in the celebrated "Pearl" and "Eclipse" brands.
Hats and Caps in great variety, including all new colors and nobby shapes.
Have added largely to our Men's Shoe Department this season and show an attractive assortment in this line.
We handle only reliable goods of reliable makes in all departments, and are prepared to make prices attractive.
We Want Your Trade.
J. A. BURNS & CO.,
Thornton Block, Fayetteville. N. C.

See My Samples OF New Goods
now on hand.
H. H. CARTLAND,
The Up-To-Date Greensboro Tailor.
A pretty, new and nobby line of Goods for Suitings, Pants and Vests are always on hand, and his prices are reasonable at all times.



A Sensible Housewife
will have no other Flour but the BEST if she knows it. When they try PERFECTION once they know they have the *best* and *cheapest* Flour sold in Fayetteville; hence continue to use it.
"Clover Hill" Butter
ordered fresh every week.
A select line of Canned Goods and Staple Groceries, Live Stock Feed, Pratt's Food, Grain, Hay, Meal, Flour, Lard, Meats, wholesale or retail.
Wagons, Carts, Cotton Planters, Corn Shellers, Feed Cutters, Plows, Farming Utensils,
FERTILIZERS.
Prices right.
Q. K. NIMOCKS,
'Phone 56. 10 Hay Street.

M. F. CRAWFORD & CO.,
At the Holt Store.
We lead, others follow, lead because we buy and sell more goods than any other Dry Goods House in Fayetteville or Cumberland county, and do it with less expense than any other house; lead, because we buy for cash and sell for cash; because we handle the very best goods; because we mark all goods in plain figures and only have one price, and you can't duplicate that price elsewhere. Below we give you some prices that will prove our assertions:
A-A Sheetings, 1 yard wide, at 3¾c. per yard, A-A-A, heavier, yard-wide Sheeting at 4¼ cents per yard, the very best yard wide Sea Island at 4¼ cents a yard, good heavy Drilling 5 cents a yard, Checked Homespun at 3¼ cents, the very heaviest Checked Homespun at 4¾ cents, heavy Cheviot Plaids or Stripes for men's shirts, boys' waists, &c., at 5 and 7½ cents, 8 cent P laid Dress Goods, beautiful patterns at 5 cents per yard, 15 cent Plaid Dress Goods, as handsome styles as you ever saw, at 10 cents, good Outing at 4½, 7 and 9 cents a yard. Special prices on men's pants goods to close out and make room for Spring stuff. Very good quality Jeans at 10 cents a yard, school-boy Jeans at 12½ cents, splendid quality of Jeans, about 50 per cent. wool-filled, heavy and tough, at 16¾, regular 25 cents goods at 19 cents, 35 cent goods, all-wool filled at 22½ and 25 cents, Bed Ticking at 5, 7½, 8½, and the very best made at 11¾ cents per yard.
DRES GOODS.
All-wool Serge, 36 inches wide, all colors, at 25 cents a yard, all-wool Henriettas at 39, 55, 69 and 75 cents a yard, heavy Storm Serges in navy blue and black, 44 inches wide, at 50 cents a yard, all-wool Ladies' Cloth in black, brown and green-mixed, 50 inches wide, at 50 cents a yard, all-wool flannel Dress Goods, 36 inches wide, at 23 cents, all-wool-filled Cashmeres, 40 inches wide, at 25 cents per yard, double-width Brocade Cashmeres, all colors, at 13 cents a yard, 40-inch Pompadour Suiting in black and colors at 25 cents a yard, Black Satteen at 7½, 8½ and 10 cents, yard-wide Percals, as good assortment of patterns as you ever saw, at 5¾, 6¾, 8½ and 10 cents a yard, light or dark styles, plain white india linen at 5 cents a yard and up, Checked Nainsooks and Dimities at 5 cents and up, Embroideries and Laces at 1 cent and up, heavy Piques, Welts, Corduroy, Stripes, &c., at all prices, all-wool Red Flannel at 12½, 20 and 25 cents per yard, white flannel at 15 to 50 cents. If you want to save money on your dry goods' purchases don't buy till you see our line.
SHOES.
It is considered by every man, woman and child who have bought Shoes at this store that we give more style and comfort and service for less money than they have ever been able to get elsewhere. To those who have never bought shoes from us, we only ask a trial, and if you don't get more for your money than you have been getting we will pay you your money back. Ladies Shoes at 69 cents to $2.50 per pair, men's shoes at $1.00 to $3.50 per pair, children's shoes at 20 cents to $2.00 per pair.
A splendid line of Hats and Caps, Shirts, Collars and Cuffs, Underwear for men, ladies and children. Corsets, Gloves, Hosiery, &c., at unapproachable prices.
Glass butter dish with cover, sugar bowl with cover, cream pitcher, largest size block tin wash basins, half gallon tins, half gallon covered buckets, all size lamp and lantern chimneys, good curry combs, 1,000 good matches, any size milk and pudding pans and hundreds of other bargains on FIVE CENT COUNTER.
Any size heavy sheet-iron bread pans, round bread pans, 14 quart block tin dish pans, 10-quart milk buckets, 4 and 6-quart covered tin buckets, any size agate jelly cake pans, revolving sifters, heavy graters, 75 feet heavy galvanized clothes wire, heavy rubber combs, good horse brushes, curry combs, back bands with buckles, 1 lb. carpenters' hammers, any size japanned waiters, assortments of glassware that would be cheap at 15 and 20 cents a piece, all on TEN CENT COUNTER,
4 qt. covered agate sauce pans, half gallon agate tea or coffee pots, splendid assortment of glass lamps complete, 10 and 14-quart strainer, milk buckets, full size, solid steel spiders, splendid blacking brushes, 40 cent brooms, and scores of other articles on TWENTY-FIVE CENT COUNTER.
These are a few of the articles carried on our 5, 10 and 25 cent counters. There are hundreds of other useful articles and every one is a leader at the price.
Don't fail to see our Crockery, Glassware, Tinware and Agate-ware Department in rear of this store.
Plenty of Plant Bed Canvass for Tobacco Farmers.
M. F. CRAWFORD & CO.,
50 Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.



The Capewell Horse Shoe Nails.
WALTER WATSON.
I have taken the exclusive agency for these celebrated nails and will keep a stock of all sizes for sale at factory prices.

FAYETTEVILLE STEAM LAUNDRY.
We are at the same place turning out work that looks like new. We want everybody to give us a trial, and, if not satisfactory, it will cost you nothing. We give special attention to Shirts, Collars and Cuffs. If the neck-bands are worn we will reband them for you.
WANTED.
An agent in every town, school and village. Good commission guaranteed. Also smart boy to collect and deliver bundles.
Ledbetter Bros.

Pemberton's Book and Music House,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
Pianos, Organs, Sewing Machines,
Bicycle and Bicycle Sundries sold on *easy terms*.
School Books and School Supplies.
Singing Books, Bibles and Sunday-school Literature.
Pictures, Easels—Picture Frames made to order.
WALL PAPER,
Fancy Goods and Toys for the Children
Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.
Our Stock is large and very complete.
Prices Low.

SEND US ONE DOLLAR
Cut this ad. out and send to us with $1.00, and we will send you this NEW IMPROVED QUEEN PARLOR ORGAN, by freight C. O. D., subject to examination. You can examine it at your nearest freight depot, and if you find it exactly as represented, equal to organ that retail at $75, 60 to $100.00, the greatest value you ever saw and far better than organs advertised by others at more money, pay the freight agent our special $31.75 factory price, $31.75, less the $1.00 and freight charges. $31.75 IS OUR SPECIAL 90 DAYS PRICE, less than one-half the price charged by others. Such an offer was never made before.

THE ACME QUEEN is one of the most durable and sweetest toned instruments ever made. From the illustration shown, which is engraved direct from a photograph, you can form some idea of its beautiful appearance. Made from Solid Quarter Sawed Oak, antique finish, handsomely decorated and ornamented, latest 1899 style. THE ACME QUEEN is 6 feet 5 inches high, 42 inches long, 22 inches wide and weighs 350 pounds; contains 5 octaves, 11 stops as follows: Diapason, Principal, Bourdon, Melodia, Celeste, Cremona, Bass Coupler, Treble Coupler, Diapason Forte, Principal Forte, and Vox Humana; 8 Genuine Couplers, 2 Tone Swells, 1 Grand Organ Swell, 4 Sets Reed Tone Tested Remarkably Fine Quality Reeds, 1 Set of 37 Fine Sweet Melodia Reeds, 1 Set of 37 Charmingly Brilliant Celeste Reeds, 1 Set of 24 Rich Mellow Reach Diapason Reeds, 1 Set of 24 Pleasing Soft Melodious Principal Reeds.

THE ACME QUEEN action consists of the celebrated Jewel Reeds, which are only used in the highest grade instruments, also fitted with Hamilton Organ and Vox Humana, also best Bebee felts, leather cloths, bellows of the best rubber cloth, 3-ply bellows stock and finest leather in valves. THE ACME QUEEN is fitted with a MALE beveled plate French nickel plated metal frames and every modern improvement. We FURNISH FREE a handsome organ stool and the best organ instruction book published.

GUARANTEED 25 YEARS With Acme Queen Organs we issue a written binding 25 year guarantee, by the terms and conditions of which if any part given out we repair it free of charge. Try it one month and we will refund your money if you are not perfectly satisfied. All these organs will be sold at $31.75, order at once. Don't delay.

OUR RELIABILITY IS ESTABLISHED If you have not dealt with us ask your neighbor about us, write the publisher of this paper, or Metropolitan National Bank, National Bank of the Republic, or Bank of Commerce, Chicago; or German Exchange Bank, New York, or any railroad or express company in Chicago. We have a capital of over $400,000.00, occupy entire one of the largest business blocks in Chicago and employ over 500 people in our own building. We SELL ORGANS AT $22.50 and up; PIANOS, $195.00 and up; also everything in musical instruments at lowest wholesale prices. Write for free illustrated organ, piano and musical instrument catalogue. Address,

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.), Fulton, Desplaines and Weyman Sts., CHICAGO, ILL.

## Perfect Health.

Keep the system in perfect order by the occasional use of Tutt's Liver Pills. They regulate the bowels and produce

## A Vigorous Body.

For sick headache, malaria, biliousness, constipation and kindred diseases, an absolute cure

## TUTT'S Liver PILLS

**River News.**

The fishermen are kicking against the continued high water as the catch of shad at this stage is very light.

**Death of Mrs. Eppes.**

The death of Mrs. S. A. Eppes, which occurred at Carthage Thursday, will cause sorrow to her number of friends in this city, where she made her home the greater part of her life. She leaves three children, Messrs. W. L. and Frank Eppes, of Carthage, and Mrs. Phil. Wright.

**The Atlantic & Western—A Third Road Coming.**

Mr. J. W. Gillis, the R. R. contractor, who is in town to-day, tells us that the engineers of the newly chartered railway, the Atlantic and Western, are now locating the road from Southern Pines to Fayetteville. Mr. Gillis has a contract for part of the grading.

**Crossing Experiment.**

Superintendent of Streets Powers is having the crossing between Mr. J. C. Vann's store and the Racket store, on Hay Street, laid with crushed granite, covered with clay. This will, no doubt, prove a good departure, and will in time take the place of the plank crossings, which are hard on vehicles and always needing repairs.

**Be Vaccinated.**

There is smallpox in Goldsboro, Wilmington and other towns which surround and are in daily communication with Fayetteville, and we are requested by the City Physician, Dr. McGougan, and all other physicians, to urge everyone, who has not been, to be vaccinated. Those that cannot afford the expense will be treated free.

"A stitch in time," &c.

**Out and In.**

Henry Dickson, a United States prisoner, was released from jail Thursday morning, having served out his sentence, which began on July 3rd, last.

As he went out, Coot McLean went in, having been committed by United States Commissioner Powers, charged with illegal selling of whisky.

**Marriage Thursday Night.**

At the Rectory Thursday night in the presence of a few friends of the bride and groom, Rev. I. W. Hughes united in marriage Mr. W. L. Horah and Miss Annie Martin.

Mr. Horah is the excellent superintendent of Mr. H. M. Pemberton's knitting mills, and his bride is the lovely granddaughter of Mr. Jno. M. Martin. We wish them both a prosperous and happy future.

**Police News.**

There was a cutting scrape in the A. C. L. shanty car about sundown Thursday in which Will Scott made several dangerous lunges with a knife at Oscar Sanders and then drew a pistol on him. Sanders escaped without a scratch, though his coat was slashed in several places. Scott has fled. Sanders says he knows of no reason for the attack.

**We Lose More Railroad Men.**

An order was received here from the A. C. L. headquarters in Wilmington Thursday afternoon that will cause general regret.

It is that the passenger trains crews, on the Atlantic and Yadkin, that now lie over here, will, in the future, lie over in Wilmington.

That means that the crews will run straight through to Mount Airy and back to Wilmington, where they will lie over two nights and a day, as they have been doing in Fayetteville.

The Conductors and Engineers on these trains are: Capt. Alex. Campbell, Capt. W. H. Pemberton, and Capt. Wm. C. Dodson; Engineers, Elijah Shepherd, Jno. M. Clark, J. P. Monaghan and A. A. Burkett. Besides these we lose a number of firemen, who are all excellent young men and citizens.

Conductors Campbell and Pemberton, and Engineers Shepherd, Clark, Monaghan and Burkett, are all married and have families, occupying charming homes in this city, which have become dear to them. Besides this is the place of their nativity.

Capt. Dodson, though his family lives in Greensboro, seems like a Fayette villian, and his lay overs here are always welcome.

To those who are affected by this sweeping order, it means much, and to Fayetteville, it means the loss of a number of our best families.

It is most regrettable, and we wish the Coast Line could have seen a way to avoid it.

"Give me a liver regulator and I can regulate the world," said a genius. The druggist handed him a bottle of DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills. King Bros.

"They are excellent." "They certainly do well." "They come up as regular as a line of soldiers." These are some of the expressions with regard to Wood's seed. H. R. Horne, sole agent.

**DeWitt's Little Early Risers,**
The famous little pills.

Treats with you whether you continue the nerve-killing tobacco habit. NO-TO-BAC removes the desire for tobacco, without nervous distress, expels nicotine, purifies the blood, restores lost manhood, makes you strong in health, nerve and pocket-book. 400,000 boxes sold. 1,500,000 cases cured. Buy NO-TO-BAC from your own druggist, who will vouch for us. Take it with a will, patiently, persistently. One box, $1, usually cures; 3 boxes, $2.50, guaranteed to cure, or we refund money. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago, Montreal, New York.

**STOP SMOKING.**

**Bryan in Michigan and Texas.**

At the Michigan Democratic State convention in Kalamazoo, on Thursday, the resolutions as adopted by the convention reaffim the Chicago platform; protest against the retirement of treasury notes; denounce trusts; demand an amendment to the constitution making an income tax possible; favor equal taxation of all property in the state; declare for disposition of the colonies for the best interests of the people; protest against a large standing army; praise the service of the army and navy and congratulate the party on having the leadership of Colonel William J. Bryan.

The plank upon expansion says:

"We are in favor of making such disposition of territory brought into the possession or under the control of the United States in the war with Spain, as shall best promote the interests and secure the welfare of the American people, and that to advance the cause of civil and religious freedom a government should be established in the islands having for its fundamental principle self government for the people."

IN TEXAS.

An Austin telegram of the 8th says:

Per special invitation, the Hon. William Jennings Bryan arrived here tonight from his home in Nebraska for the purpose of speaking to the joint session of the Texas Legislature.

He was met at the depot by Governor Sayers and the legislative committee, and after taking supper with the governor, went to the capitol. Owing to his train being late it was 9:30 o'clock before he arrived at the capitol, where he found both houses of the Texas legislature and 6,000 people jammed in the capitol to hear him.

His speech was along the line of his previous utterances, favoring the further advocacy of silver and opposed to the creation of a large standing army and of the expansion theory.

His address lasted until 11:55 o'clock tonight and the entire discourse was listened to with rapt attention by the audience, frequent applause being tendered by his many admirers.

He will hold a public reception in the capitol tomorrow morning and leave tomorrow afternoon for his home. He made this visit especially to talk to the Texas legislature.

**Connecticut Blue Laws**

New York Mail and Express

The Blue Laws of Connecticut have received the attention of the Truth Seeker company of New York. A pamphlet recently issued by this company contains much interesting data concerning the persecution of witches and Quakers in New England. The Blue Laws are thus explained:

The Blue Laws of Connecticut is a title given the legislation of that commonwealth by the Rev. Samuel Peters, who parodied its laws in a volume published many years ago, and so cleverly was the parody worded that even now but few know whether the laws he quoted were or were not actual legislation by the lawmakers of Connecticut. They were not, but, while they were not, the *bona fide* laws were every whit as blue as those he alleged to have been in existence. One of the laws best known as a Connecticut Blue Law is a prohibition of mothers from kissing their children on Sunday, or on that day erroneously called by the Puritans the Sabbath. While there never was such a statute in Connecticut, there were laws similarly tyrranical, for it is on record that men were fined for kissing their wives publicly on that day. Alice Morse Earl, in her interesting volume, 'The Sabbath in Puritan New England," writes of the Blue Laws:

"Though these laws were worded by Dr. Peters, and though we are disgusted to hear them so often quoted as historical facts, still we must acknowledge that though in detail not correct they are in spirit true records of the old Puritan laws which were enacted to enforce the strict and decorous observance of the Sabbath, and which were valid not only in Connecticut and Massachusetts, but in other New England States. Even a careless glance at the historical record of any old town or church will give plenty of details to prove this."

It would seem, then, that the Rev. Samuel Peters' compilation of the Blue Laws contained the spirit if not the letter of the law.

[It will be seen from the above that the rule of the majority is subject to qualifications in a well regulated State Because a fanatical majority decree that the minority's dress and diet shall conform to their views, or that a man should be punished for kissing his wife on Sunday, does not render such tyranical acts right. There is no greater tyrant that a mob, which is the fanatical majority of the moment.—OBS]

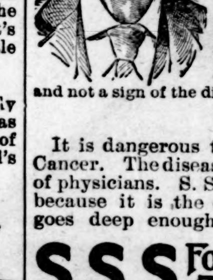
**TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY**

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has L B Q on ea each tablet.

**To Cure Constipation Forever.**
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

## Little Pimples Turn to Cancer.

Cancer often results from an impurity in the blood, inherited from generations back. Few people are entirely free from some taint in the blood, and it is impossible to tell when it will break out in the form of dreaded Cancer. What has appeared to be a mere pimple or scratch has developed into the most malignant Cancer.



"I had a severe Cancer which was at first only a few blotches, that I thought would soon pass away. I was treated by several able physicians, but in spite of their efforts the Cancer spread until my condition became alarming. After many months of treatment and growing steadily worse, I decided to try S. S. S. which was so strongly recommended. The first bottle produced an improvement. I continued the medicine, and in four months the last little scab dropped off. Ten years have elapsed, and not a sign of the disease has returned."
R. F. WILLIAMS,
Gillsburg, Miss.

It is dangerous to experiment with Cancer. The disease is beyond the skill of physicians. S. S. S. is the only cure, because it is the only remedy which goes deep enough to reach Cancer.

## S.S.S. For The Blood

(Swift's Specific) is the only blood remedy guaranteed Purely Vegetable. All others contain potash and mercury, the most dangerous of minerals.

Books on Cancer and blood diseases mailed free by Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Georgia.

## INCURABLE DISEASES

*Many diseases considered incurable are catarrh under other names.*

Simple catarrh in the head is called incurable. Consumption is catarrh of the lungs, and its victim is, no doubt, past help in the more advanced stages; but great numbers of people die of consumption needlessly. It is certain that every phase of catarrh, including many cases of consumption, are cured by the right treatment. Pe-ru-na, Dr. Hartman's great prescription, attacks catarrhal diseases scientifically and cures them. Dr. Hartman explains it fully in his books which are mailed on application. Here is a letter from Mrs. Harmening, Mazo Manie, Wis., who is one of many cured of consumption by Pe-ru-na. She says:

*Pe-ru-na Medicine Co., Columbus, O.*

DEAR SIRS:—"I cannot praise your remedy too highly. Last winter I had la grippe and hemorrhage of the lungs followed. All the doctors around here told me I had to die of consumption. Then I thought I would ask Dr. Hartman for advice, which I did. He prescribed Pe-ru-na for me, and I took it according to his directions and was cured. I advise everybody that is troubled with lung disease to take Dr. Hartman's treatment. I am sure they will not regret it if they do. I am now enjoying good health, and can thank Pe-ru-na for it."

## THE LEGISLATURE

**The Last Day of the Legis'ature.**

The General Assembly of North Carolina, for 1899, adjourned yesterday to meet again Tuesday, after the second Monday in June. A few bills were passed by both House and Senate, but none of them was of public importance. Most of the session was devoted to ratification of enrollied bills.

A resolution was adopted giving clerks and employes five dollars extra for night work. Another resolution thanked newspaper correspondents for their accurate and impartial reports.

A handsome bouquet was sent to Speaker Connor by ladies, teachers of Peace Institute.

Abbott offered a resolution appropriating $100 for expenses of the funeral of any member of the Legislature who dies from sickness now suffered, and that this amount be payable to Rex Hospital, Raleigh. This was intended to cover the case of Representative Trotman, of Gates, who is dying at that hospital of pneumonia.

At 2 o'clock the Speaker made his farewell address, referring to the great things expected of the Legislature and what had been accomplished. Among other things he said: "In dealing with the finances of the State we have endeavored to be conservative and economical. That there is among our people an industrial awakening is shown by the large number of charters for such enterprises that we have been called upon to enact into law. The large number of charters for cities and towns sent to us from different sections of the State show a healthy interest among the people in regard to the problem of municipal government. There is not a more interesting method of studying the history and development of a people than through their laws, and there will be few more interesting chapters in our history than the public and private laws of 1899. That much has been done for the welfare of the State the most critical will admit; that much has been left undone we recognize and admit.

"We commit our work to the fair and just consideration of the constituency who confided to us their highest and best political interests. We must, however, keep in mind the great truths that States like individuals are in the keeping of the God of nations, and in so far as we live in harmony with this divine will, we will in our individual as well as national interest, grow in strength and prosperity.

"The attendance has been unusually good. Numbers of the members have been detained from the House by sickness, and it pains us to note that one lies at death's door. For the last time in the Nineteenth century, the General Assembly of North Carolina has met, and is now ready to adjourn. For reasons deemed wise, to us, we have, as the constitution provides we may do, determined to adjourn to a day certain. In accordance, therefore, with the joint resolutions of the two houses, I do hereby declare this House adjourned to the fifth day of July, 1900.

**Lawton Arrives at Manila—Aggressive Movement Begun.**

By cable to the Observer.

Manila, March 10th.—General Lawton arrived here today with the Fourth Regulars and a battalion of the Seventeenth Regulars on the transport Grant. He will immediately take command of the troops in the field. Lawton's arrival was the signal of an aggressive movement to the interior for the purpose of hunting for Aguinaldo and dispersing the insurgents through the jungle.

**Banks Go Into Liquidation.**

By telegraph to the Observer.

Lima, Ohio, March 10.—The American National Bank, mysteriously robbed of eighteen thousand dollars some months ago, has decided to go into voluntary liquidation. To morrow a new bank will be open in same room under a different management, to be known as the Bank of Lima.

Memphis, March 10.—The Continental National Bank will go into voluntary liquidation in April. The following day another bank with ample capital takes its place.

**The President's Trip—He Will Pass Through Fayetteville.**

By telegraph to the Observer

Washington, March 10th.—Senator Hanna saw the President today and made final arrangements for the President's trip to Thomasville. The party will leave Washington Monday afternoon over the Atlantic Coast Line and will embrace the President and wife, Vice President and wife, Senator Hanna and wife and Assistant Secretary Cortelyou. They will probably remain at Thomasville a fortnight or longer, if public business permits.

Rheumacide is not recommended or the cure of every ill; it does not cure everything. But it is a certain cure for rheumatism, and is a fine blood purifier and laxative; try it.

**CASTORIA.**
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* The Kind You Have Always Bought

**Anglo Russian Conflict Feared.**

By cable to the Observer.

London, March 9th.—The afternoon papers express fear that an Anglo-Russian conflict is impending. They are calling attention to the fact that Lord Salisbury never before threatened to punish China if she succumbs to Russian pressure.

**Concentrating Naval Forces in Far East.**

By cable to the Observer.)

London, March 9th.—All the powers are concentrating their naval forces in the Far East. England has in Asiatic waters three battleships, twelve cruisers, four torpedo boat destroyers, and fourteen sloops and gunboats. Russia has two battleships, six cruisers and six gunboats. France has nine cruisers, Germany eight cruisers and Italy four cruisers.

**The Sheridan at Malta.**

By cable to the Observer.

Valetta, Malta, March 9th.—The Transport Sheridan arrived here yesterday. By permission of the Governor, two thousand of the troops landed, and were inspected by the Governor on the Florain parade ground, in the presence of an immense concourse of spectators and military officers.

**Want Cuba Annexed.**

By telegraph to the Observer.

Atlanta, Ga., March 9.—C. E. Haskins, of New York, an expert accountant, returning from Havana, where he aided General Ludlow in looking into the financial condition of the Cuban capital, says that the representative Cubans are for annexation and are anxious to see the United States keep an army there until everything is running smoothly, and Cuba is ready to be annexed. He says that it will be an easy matter to make Havana one of the richest and also the healthiest of large cities anywhere. At present there is a great lack of money to administer the civil government, the customs dues being the only resource.

**A Town Doomed.**

By telegraph to the Observer.

St. Louis, March 11th.—Mountain Grove City eight miles from Springfield is burning. The business portion is doomed.

**The Shamrock—Italy and China. America Wins.**

By cable to the Observer.

London, March 11.—Showalter won the game to-day. Score, America 2, England 1.

**"Peculiar People."**

By cable to the Observer

London, March 11.—In consequence of judicial censure, the Elders of the Peculiar People have decided to allow their followers to summon medical aid in case of the serious illness of children.

**Transports Purchased at Hong Kong.**

By telegraph to the Observer.

San Francisco, March 11.—Three tugs, for use in Manila Bay and in the Phillippines, have been purchased at Hong Kong. They will be used for the transportation of troops.

**Shamrock and Valkyrie.**

By cable to the Observer.

Glasgow, March 11th.—A squad of picked men left here today for Thornycroft's yards to do carpenter work on the yacht Shamrock. The cost of the new cup challenger is already double that of the Valkyrie.

**Disposing of New Troops.**

By cable to the Observer.)

Manila, March 11th.—General King will tomorrow resume his former command, and a new brigade is being formed for General Wheaton. One of the battalions which arrived yesterday was assigned to duty at the water works and another is encamped at Lunets. General Lawton's headquarters remain at Gratx.

**The Queen Starts for Cannes.**

By cable to the Observer.

London, March 11.—The Queen left Windsor Castle this forenoon by a special train enroute to Cannes. She went aboard a special packet at Folkestone which was escorted across the Chanel by torpedo boats.

**Preparations for the General Advance at Manila.**

By cable to the Observer

Manila, Afternoon, March 11.—Extensive preparations are being made for a general advance soon to be made. All is quiet now. At daylight this morning, the rebels were caught in an attempt to enfilade our trenches at Caloocan. They were shelled by our battery there. Desultory firing is going on at Don Pedro Macoti.

The last batch of Spanish prisoners sailed for Spain today.

**Italy and China.**

By cable to the Observer.

Paris, March 11.—The Italian Minister, last evening, addressed a note to the Tsung Li Yamen requesting an acknowledgment of the receipt of his note containing the Italian demand concerning the lease of San Wun Bay, and intimating, in case of acceptance, Italy's consent to open friendly negotiations as to details. Four days were given for a reply. The Chinese regard it as an ultimatum, and it is believed that they will reply affirmatively.

**A Fatal Collision on Grand Trunk Line.**

By telegraph to the Observer.

Granger, Ind., March 11.—Two Grand Trunk Line engines collided here last night. James Elliott and Mrs. Elmsley, of Toronto, were fatally hurt. Engineer Downey is badly hurt and a laborer named Henderson was also fatally hurt. Fireman Lynch was scorched and a score of passengers bruised.

Before the discovery of One Minute Cough Cure, ministers were greatly disturbed by coughing congregations. No excuse for it now. King Bros.

**Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.**

This remedy is intended especially for coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough and influenza. It has become famous for its cures of these diseases, over a large part of the civilized world. The most flattering testimonials have been received, giving accounts of its good works; of the aggravating and persistent coughs it has cured; of severe colds that have yielded promptly to its soothing effects, and of the dangerous attacks of croup it has cured, often saving the life of the child. The extensive use of it for whooping cough has shown that it robs that disease of all dangerous consequences. Sold by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

**Judge T. C. Fuller Reappointed.**

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, March 11.—The following appointments are announced: Justice of the Court of Private Land Claims, Joseph R. Reid, of Iowa; Associate Justices: Wm. A. Stone, of Colorado; Henry C. Hursh of Kansas; W. W. Murry, of Tennessee, and Thomas C. Fuller, of North Carolina.

**Burned to Death.**

By telegraph to the Observer.

Marysville, California, March 11.—The Maryville woolen mill was damaged by fire last night to the extent of $150,000. Frank Peck, of Youba City, a well known bicyclist entered the building, was overcome by smoke and burned to death.

**Three Trucks of Gold.**

By telegraph to the Observer.

New York, March 11th.—Three millions in gold loaded on three trucks this morning was taken aboard steamship, to be taken to Cuba to pay the Army of Gen. Gomez. It is guarded by twenty men.

**The Railway Snow Blackade in the West.**

By telegraph to the Observer.)

Cheyenne, March 11.—A message received last night from Supt Rasbach in charge of the long blockaded Cheyenne and Northern passenger train, said that all were well aboard, but that supplies of food would not last beyond tomorrow. A relief train carrying provisions to the snow bound passengers left here last night, but it is feared that the blizzard now raging will seriously retard passage.

## The Atlanta - Constitution.

Something About the Greatest Weekly Newspaper in the Country.

**REDUCED RATE FOR TWO PAPERS**

THE OBSERVER and THE CONSTITUTION, } 1 year, ONLY } **$1.75.**

Take Your Home Paper and The Constitution and Be Happy.

We call special attention to our clubbing arrangements with The Weekly Constitution, published at Atlanta, Ga. The clubbing price of the two papers being only $1 75 per year, subscriptions to be sent through this office and the terms to be cash

It is a fact perhaps not generally known that The Weekly Constitution has the largest circulation of any newspaper on the western hemisphere Only a few months ago a large newspaper directory questioned the claim of circulation made by The Constitution and put up a forfeit of $100 that it could be disproved that it had more than 100,000 circulation. The Constitution promptly accepted the offer and submitted its books to the representative of the firm. Mr. George P. Rowell, publisher of the newspaper directory, acknowledged his error publicly and paid the forfeit.

The Constitution, while being a democratic newspaper, is first and above all things a newspaper. It is a twelve-page. seven-column weekly, making eighty-four columns each week. Its subscription price is $1 a year, but if taken under the arrangement with this paper we can give them both at the price above named.

The Constitution has a special correspondent in every important city in the United States and a representative in all of the leading centers of the world.

During the war with Spain, which has just been brought to a close, the reports of no newspaper in the south could compare with its news presentation from the front. Its special staff representative sailed with the army when it first embarked from Tampa, and of the 120 correspondents who went to Cuba, he was one of only seven who remained to see the flag hoisted over the public buildings in Santiago. Its special representative also accompanied the fleet in the Carribbean sea, and its Washington special service covered every detail of the important war reports originating at the capitol.

The Weekly Constitution during the late Spanish war served the news of all the notable events, from first to last, with the promptness of a daily. The victory of Dewey at Manila, the death of Ensign Bagley, the movements of troops and fleets, the destruction of Cervera's fleet, the operations in Porto Rico, the treaty, and the unfurling of the stars and stripes over Morro castle, Havana, were all given in The Weekly on Monday, on the very day the news first appeared in the daily.

The Weekly Constitution makes a special feature of its agricultural page, which is presided over by Colonel R. J. Redding, director of the Georgia experiment farm, and a man who is recognized as an expert on all agricultural topics. He gives a full page every week on agricultural matters. A page is devoted to the women and a page to children, these two departments being presided over by Mrs. William King.

Among the regular staff members of The Constitution are Joel Chandler Harris, Frank L Stanton and others well known throughout the country; while among its special contributors are such men as Wallace P. Reed, Bill Arp, Sarge Plunkett, Betsy Hamilton, Dr. Talmage and others of national reputation

The Constitution has just completed the thirtieth year of its existence, Clark Howell being the editor and Colonel W. A. Hemphill its business manager. Its name is a household word in every Southern State from Virginia to Texas. It has always been in especially close touch with the agricultural masses of the South, and in having reached a circulation which carries it into 150,000 homes it has won a unique distinction which ranks it among the greatest of American weekly newspapers.

The Constitution will send a sample copy of its great Weekly free to any one sending his own name and the names of six neighbors on a postal card.

Every man should take his county newspaper before anything else, and next to this he should take a good general newspaper, such as The Constitution. His county paper gives him the local home news, which is not supplied by a newspaper furnishing the general news from all parts of the country and from all over the world. Before a man seeks information from outside, he should first feel sure that he is being kept posted on what is going on at home. That is why he should take his county paper first. When, however, the opportunity is offered to get the best weekly newspaper in this country with your home paper, the inducement is such as to elicit prompt response from our readers.

We will be glad to receive clubbing subscriptions with this paper and The Constitution, and if there are any who are now subscribers to this paper, who wish to take The Constitution also, we will be glad to receive subscriptions to the latter and forward them, having authority from that paper to do so.

The Constitution should be in every Southern home!

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

**The Kind You Have Always Bought**

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

**PROOF.**

It is an easy matter to claim that a remedy has wonderful curative power. The manufacturers of

**RHEUMACIDE**

leave it to those who have been permanently and positively cured of RHEUMATISM to make claims Among those who have recently written us voluntary letters saying they have been cured are: Rev. J. L. Foster, Raleigh, N. C; Mr. J E. Robinson, Editor, Goldsboro, N. C., Daily Angus; Mr. A. Daus, a prominent merchant, Macon, Ga., and Mr W. R. Duke, a railroad man, Kansas City, Mo.

**Rheumacide Will Cure You.**

Manufactured by TH BOBBITT DRUG CO., Raleigh, N. C.

Sold by Druggists generally. Price $1 per bottle.

**Sale of Land Under Mortgage.**

By virtue of the power of sale given in a certain mortgage deed executed by Wiley Godwin and Sarah Godwin, his wife, on the 14th day of March, 1883, to the Covenant Building and Loan Association, and duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Cumberland County in Book "T," No. 4, at page 452, I will offer for sale to the highest bidder for cash at the court house door in the city of Fayetteville, N. C., on the

**1st day of April 1899,**

the following described lands embraced in said mortgage deed, to-wit:

Beginning at a stake pine in the edge of Robinson, now Glenville, Mill Road, thence S. 89½ degrees west one chain and fifteen links to a stake and pointers; thence about west with Hugh Campbell's line North and past the same thirty-seven chains and eighty-five links to a spring branch; thence northwardly down the lower courses of said branch thirty-nine chains to its intersection with the Glenville Pond; thence along the margin of same down to the beginning about fifty chains; being the same conveyed to John B. Broadfoot by James M. Pearce and wife, Jennie S. Pearce, by deed dated December 10, 1883."

Terms of sale, cash.

Time of sale, 10 o'clock A. M

JOHN W. HINSDALE,
Att'y for Mortgagee and Receivers.

March 2, 1899-d1aw4t&w

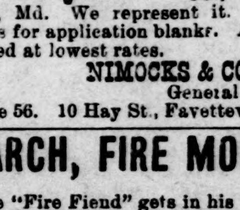
**Fayetteville Insurance Agents.**

## THE ÆTNA

**Is the Strongest American Fire Insurance Co.**

Has been doing business continuously since 1819.
Her Reputation is the best to-day
Over Ten Million Dollars Assets.
Take out a policy on your property
B. R. HUSKE, Agent.

## A GOOD BOND



in a good Company—one of the largest in the world—is what you get when you take it out in THE UNITED STATES FIDELITY and GUARANTY CO., of Baltimore, Md. We represent it. Write or see us for application blanks. All classes bonded at lowest rates.

NIMOCKS & COOK,
General Agents,
Phone 56. 10 Hay St., Fayetteville, N. C.

## MARCH, FIRE MONTH!

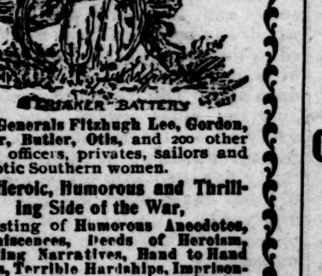
The "Fire Fiend" gets in his best work in the dangerous month of March. Fire losses are heavier in March than in any other month.

**May be YOUR time next;**

no telling. Better see us and get a policy. Don't wait. Our Companies are A1, our rates low as the lowest. Blank applications on request to out-of-town patrons.

NIMOCKS & COOK,
General Insurance Agents,
Phone 56. 10 Hay St., Fayetteville, N. C.

**CAMP FIRES OF THE CONFEDERACY.**




By Generals Fitzhugh Lee, Gordon, Rosser, Butler, Otis, and 200 other brave officers, privates, sailors and patriotic Southern women.

**The Heroic, Humorous and Thrilling Side of the War,**

Consisting of Humorous Anecdotes, Reminiscences, Deeds of Heroism, Thrilling Narratives, Hand to Hand Fights, Terrible Hardships, Imprisonments, Perilous Journeys, Daring Raids, Sea Fights, Tragic Events, Etc.

**600 Pages—Over 200 Illustrations.**

AGENTS WANTED everywhere. Good pay. Send for beautiful descriptive circulars in colors, and terms. Address Courier-Journal Job Printing Company, Louisville, Ky.

## The Dangers of Civilization

are overwork, worry and germs. We need a vitalizing power to sustain us. Learned men and experience point to pure whisky. Primitive men did not need whisky. We do. Changed conditions bring fresh needs. And THE whisky is

## HARPER.

☞ Sold in Fayetteville, N. C.

## FAYETTEVILLE MARBLE AND GRANITE WORKS.

**Strictly First-Class Work.**

Call at my yard or write for prices.
Respectfully,
E. L. REMSBURG,
Proprietor,
Fayetteville, N. C.

## Skin Diseases.

For the speedy and permanent cure of tetter salt rheum and eczema, Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment is without an equal. It relieves the itching and smarting almost instantly and its continued use effects a permanent cure. It also cures itch, barber's itch, scald head, sore nipples, itching piles, chapped hands, chronic sore eyes and granulated lids.

Dr. Cady's Condition Powders for horses are the best tonic, blood purifier and varmifuge. Price. 25 cents. Sold by

## SEND NO MONEY

WITH YOUR ORDER, cut this Ad. out and send to us, and we will send you OUR HIGH-GRADE BURDICK SEWING MACHINE by freight C. O. D., subject to examination. You can examine it at your nearest freight depot and if found perfectly satisfactory, exactly as represented, equal to machines others sell as high as $50.00, and THE GREATEST BARGAIN YOU EVER HEARD OF, pay your freight agent Our Special Offer Price $15.50 and freight charges. The machine weighs 120 pounds and the freight will average 75 cents for each 500 miles. GIVE IT THREE MONTHS TRIAL in your own home, and we will return your $15.50 any day you are not satisfied. We sell different makes and grades of Sewing Machines at $8.50, $10.00, $11.00, $12.00 and up, all of which are fully described in Our Free Sewing Machine Catalogue, but $15.50 for this 7-DRAWER BURDICK is the greatest value ever offered by any house.

THE BURDICK has every modern improvement, every good point of every high-grade machine made, with the defects of none. Made by the best maker in America. SOLID OAK CABINET, BENT COVER. Latest 1899 Skeleton frame, piano polish, finest nickel drawer pulls, rests on 4 casters, ball bearing adjustable treadle, genuine Smyth iron stand, finest large high arm head made, positive four-motion feed, self threading vibrating shuttle, automatic bobbin winder, adjustable bearings, patent tension liberator, improved loose wheel, adjustable presser foot, improved shuttle carrier, patent needle bar, patent dress guard.

GUARANTEED the lightest running, most durable and nearest noiseless machine made. Every known attachment is furnished and our Free Instruction Book tells just how anyone can run it and do either plain or any kind of fancy work. A 20-YEAR GUARANTEE is sent with every machine.

IT COSTS YOU NOTHING to see and examine this machine, compare it with those your storekeeper sells at $40.00 to $50.00, and then if convinced you are saving $20.00 to $35.00, pay your freight agent the $15.50. WE TO RETURN YOUR $15.50 if at any time within three months you say you are not satisfied. ORDER TO-DAY. DON'T DELAY. (Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)

WRITE FOR FREE CATALOGUE. SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., CHICAGO, ILL.

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**EUGENE T. WATSON**

Dealer in Rough and Finished

## LUMBER,

**Flooring, Ceiling, Weatherboards,**

Door and Window-Casings, and all kinds of Mouldings, also Shingles, Laths Lime and Hair.

## TABLE CUTLERY,

**Pocket Knives and Scissors,**

Of good quality of steel at

## WATSON'S HARDWARE HOUSE.

**50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE**

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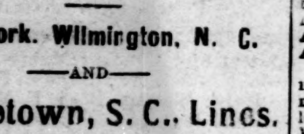
**C. A. SNOW & CO.**
OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.



## Clyde Steamship Co

**New York. Wilmington, N. C.**

—AND—

## Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

NEW YORK FOR WILMINGTON, N C.

ONEIDA..................Saturday March 11th
GEO. W. CLYDE.........Saturday March 18th

WILMINGTON, N. C., FOR NEW YORK.

GEO. W. CLYDE........Saturday March 11th
ONEIDA..................Saturday March 18th

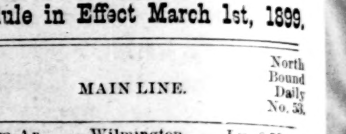
WILMINGTON FOR GEORGETOWN, S. C.

GEO. W. CLYDE.........Tuesday March 7th
ONEIDA..................Tuesday March 14th

Steamers do not carry passengers.

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to
H. G. SMALLBONES,
Superintendent,
Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, Traffic Manager,
5 Bowling Green, N. Y.
W. P. CLYDE & Co. General Agents.
Bowling Green, N. Y.



## Atlantic and Yadkin Railway.

**Schedule in Effect March 1st, 1899.**

| South Bound Daily No. 52. | | MAIN LINE. | North Bound Daily No. 53. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 6 50 p m | Ar | Wilmington | Lv | 8 50 a m |
| 3 55 p m | Lv | Fayettevilie | Ar | 11 59 a m |
| 3 50 p m | Ar | Fayetteville | Lv | 12 20 p m |
| 2 30 p m | Lv | Sanford | Lv | 1 43 p m |
| 12 42 p m | Lv | Climax | Lv | 3 44 p m |
| 12 13 p m | Lv | Greensboro | Ar | 4 15 p m |
| 11 55 a m | Ar | Greensboro | Lv | 4 25 p m |
| 11 07 a m | Lv | Stokesdale | Lv | 5 12 p m |
| 10 36 a m | Lv | Walnut Cove | Lv | 5 44 p m |
| 10 09 a m | Lv | Rural Hall | Lv | 6 13 p m |
| 8 45 a m | Lv | Mt. Airy | Ar | 7 35 p m |

| South Bound Daily No. 62. | | BENNETTSVILLE. | North Bound Daily No. 63 | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8 00 a m | Lv | Bennettsville | Ar | 7 15 p m |
| 9 07 a m | Lv | Maxton | Lv | 6 15 p m |
| 9 35 a m | Lv | Red Springs | Lv | 5 35 p m |
| 10 20 a m | Lv | Hope Mills | Lv | 4 52 p m |
| 10 40 a m | Ar | Fayetteville | Lv | 4 33 p m |
| No. 46. | | | | No 47. |

| South Bound Mixed Daily ex Sunday | | MADISON BRANCH. | North Bound Mixed Daily ex Sunday | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 5 30 p m | Ar | Ramseur | Lv | 6 40 a m |
| 3 50 p m | Lv | Climax | Ar | 8 25 a m |
| 2 40 p m | Lv | Greensboro | Ar | 9 17 a m |
| 2 30 p m | Ar | Greensboro | Lv | 9 35 a m |
| 1 15 p m | Lv | Stokesdale | Lv | 11 07 a m |
| 12 30 p m | Lv | Madison | Ar | 11 55 a m |

Connections at Fayetteville with Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. R. KENLY General Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manger.
H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agt.

## Wilmington & Weldon Rail Road AND BRANCHES AND FLORENCE RAILROAD.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

**TRAINS GOING SOUTH.**

| | No 23, Daily. | No 35, Daily. | No 103, D'ly ex Sunday. | No 41, Daily. | No 49, Daily. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | P. M. | P. M. | P. M. | A. M. | P. M |
| Leave Weldon | 12 00 | 9 43 | | | |
| Ar Rocky Mt. | 1 11 | 10 36 | | | |
| Leave Tarboro | 12 38 | | 6 00 | | |
| Lv Rocky Mt. | 1 15 | 10 36 | 6 45 | 5 40 | 1 10 |
| Leave Wilson | 2 15 | 11 16 | 7 19 | 6 22 | 2 |
| Leave Selma | 3 15 | ...... | | | |
| Lv Fayetteville | 4 30 | 1 07 | | | |
| Ar Florence | 7 35 | 3 15 | | | |
| | P. M. | A. M. | | | |
| Ar Goldsboro | ...... | ...... | 8 00 | | |
| Lv Goldsboro | ...... | ...... | | 7 01 | 3 20 |
| Lv Magnolia | ...... | ...... | | 8 05 | 4 24 |
| Ar Wilmington | ...... | ...... | | 9 30 | 5 50 |
| | | | P. M. | A. M. | P. M |

**TRAINS GOING NORTH.**

| | No 78 Daily | No. 102, D'ly ex Sunday | No 32, Daily | No 40 Daily | No 48 Daily |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | A. M. | | P. M. | | |
| Lv Florence | 9 50 | | 7 40 | | |
| Lv Fayetteville | 12 25 | | 9 42 | | |
| Leave Selma | 1 50 | | | | |
| Arrive Wilson | 2 35 | | 11 35 | | |
| | | A. M. | | P. M. | A. M. |
| Lv Wilmington | | | | 7 15 | 9 30 |
| Lv Magnolia | | | | 8 55 | 10 |
| Lv Goldsboro | | 5 00 | | 10 10 | 12 05 |
| | P. M. | | A. M. | P. M | P. M. |
| Leave Wilson | 2 35 | 5 38 | 12 12 | 11 20 | 12 55 |
| Ar Rocky Mt. | 3 29 | 6 15 | 12 49 | 11 57 | 1 37 |
| Ar Tarboro | | 6 45 | | | |
| Leave Tarboro | 12 31 | | | | |
| Lv Rocky Mt. | 3 29 | | 12 49 | | |
| Arrive Weldon | 4 33 | | 1 42 | | |
| | P. M. | | A. M | P. M. | |

†Daily except Monday. ‡Daily except Sunday.

Train on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Weldon 3:55 P M, Halifax 4:30 P M, arrives Scotland Neck at 5:20 P M, Greenville 6:57 P M., Kinston 7:55 P M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:50 A M., Greenville 8:52 A M. Arriving Halifax at 11:18 A M, Weldon 11.33 A M, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:20 A. M., and 2:30 P. M., arrive Parmele 9:10 A. M., and 4:00 P. M., returning leave Parmele 9:35 A. M. and 6:30 P. M., arrive Washington 11:00 A. M., and 7:20 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N C, daily except Sunday at 5:30 P M, Sunday, 4:15 P M, arrives Plymouth 7:40 P M, 6:10 P M; Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7:50 A M. and Sunday 9:00 A M, arrives Tarboro 10:05 A M., 11:00 A M.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro daily except Sunday, 7:10 A M, arriving Smithfield 8:30 A M. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9:00 A M; arrive Goldsboro 10:25 A M.

Trains on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4:30 P M, arrives Nashville 5:05 P M, Spring Hope 5:30 P M. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8:00 A M, Nashville 8:35 A M, arrives Rocky Mount 9:05 A M, daily, except Sunday.

Train on Clinton branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, Daily, except Sunday, at 8.10 A M. and 4:15 P M. Returning leaves Clinton at 7:00 A M., and 10:00 A M.

Train No. 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points north daily, all rail via Richmond.

H. M. EMMERSON, Gen'l Pass Agent.
J. R. KENLEY, Gen'l Manager. T. M. EMMERSON, Traffic Manager

## SEND ONE DOLLAR

cut this ad out and send to us and if you live East of the Rocky Mountains we will send this HIGH-GRADE TOP BUGGY to you by freight C. O. D. subject to examination, you can examine it at your freight depot and if you find it EQUAL TO ANY $100.00 TOP BUGGY you ever saw, perfectly satisfactory and the GRANDEST BARGAIN YOU HAVE EVER SEEN OR HEARD OF, pay the railroad agent OUR SPECIAL OFFER PRICE $55.00 and freight charges, less the One Dollar sent with order.

**$16.50 TO $90.00 BUGGIES AND SURREYS.**

ACME QUEEN. (OUR OWN MAKE.)

BUILT IN OUR OWN FACTORY IN CHICAGO, on honor from the best material money can buy. While in our Free Buggy Catalogue we show, Top Buggies made by other makers at $21.50, $28.75 and $34.75 the exact same buggy that are sold by machinery dealers, at $45.00 to $75.00 and are being widely advertised by many at $35.00 to $60.00. OUR ACME QUEEN AT $55.00 is the most wonderful value ever offered, THE LOWEST PRICE EVER QUOTED ON THE BEST BUGGY THAT CAN BE BUILT. We maintain our own five story buggy factory for the sole purpose of building and selling a BETTER BUGGY THAN WE CAN BUY ELSEWHERE and to SAVE OUR CUSTOMERS MANUFACTURER'S PROFIT.

Every Buggy We Make Is Guaranteed Five Years and They Will out wear Five Ordinary Factory Rigs.

THE MATERIAL AND LABOR IN OUR ACME QUEEN cost more than double that in the ordinary factory buggy. We use a $2.50 cushion cloth, some use 90 cent; we use a $1.50 head lining, some use 40 cent; we use 23 cent leather, some use 9 cent; we use $3.50 colors and varnishes, some use 75 cent and $1.00. WE PAY ALMOST DOUBLE the price most makers pay for Wheels, Axles, Springs, Dashes and Sockets, because WE WANT THE BEST. Our wheels, gear and bodies are Water Rubbed and the Material and Labor in Painting OUR ACME QUEEN, would paint three cheap buggies. $55.00 BARELY COVERS COST of material and labor, leaving us the smallest profit imaginable, but we are building 70 buggies a day and to advertise our buggy factory we are willing to SELL THEM ON $1.00 PROFIT EACH. We know $70.00 daily profit on 70 buggies will satisfy us, advertise us everywhere and build up the LARGEST BUGGY BUSINESS IN THE WORLD.

THE ACME QUEEN we build in narrow or wide track, cloth or leather trimmed, end springs, buffed leather quarter top, solid panel back, springs in back, leather covered Bows and Nuts, Rubber Steps, Velvet Carpet, body, 24x54 inches, No. 1 Sarven's patent screwed rim wheels, painted in 16 coats, body black, gear dark green with very delicate modest striping, complete with shafts, side and back curtains, boot storm apron and anti-rattlers and shafts. Pole, Neckyoke and Whiffletrees in place of shafts, $1.75 extra. BUGGY WEIGHS 400 POUNDS and the freight will average for 200 miles, $2.00; 300 miles, $2.75; 400 miles, $3.25; 500 miles, $3.60; 1,000 miles, $6.00.

SEND ONE DOLLAR with your order, WE GUARANTEE the Buggy to Reach You Safely and if satisfactory, pay the railroad agent balance, $54.00 and freight charges, otherwise pay nothing and the agent will return buggy at our expense and we will return your $1.00. DON'T BUY A CHEAP FACTORY BUGGY now sold almost exclusively by all Machinery Dealers and Catalogue Houses. BUY THE BEST BUGGY MONEY CAN BUILD, direct from the Maker at the LOWEST PRICE EVER KNOWN. ORDER TO DAY. DON'T DELAY.

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